

63.9
Australia
1912-1913

ESTD 1880

Foster's

63.9

"PREMIER"

AGRICULTURAL, VEGETABLE,
AND FLOWER

SEEDS

Our
Seeds
Foster
Life

1912

FOSTER & SONS

194 (ONLY) SUSSEX ST
SYDNEY.

Special Request

WE would specially ask our Clients IF they find the articles listed herein to be all we claim for them, to kindly recommend them to their friends. Our reputation has been built up and our experience gained during the last 32 years, and as our stocks of Vegetable Seeds are of the finest strains and from the best European growers, and the Flower Seeds selected by a European expert from the most reliable and up-to-date growers, we feel certain that the satisfaction you obtain from them will induce you to advise your friends to also become Clients. We make a point of testing all seeds before leaving our premises, and anything not coming up to the high standard which we set is immediately destroyed. Our Seed Peas and Beans are grown by very careful people, and specially hand-picked before offering for sale. Seed Potato Crops are watched closely for signs of disease before maturity, and are then stored by us for a considerable period before being hand-picked, so that we are in a position to offer our stuff as being absolutely free of disease when they leave our establishment. In every department the same care and attention is paid, and especially in the matter of packing and forwarding orders, no matter how large or small. We are always pleased to hear from our customers far and near, giving particulars of their crops, and as we are necessarily buyers as well as sellers, we will be glad to have the offer of any suitable lines they may have for sale.

Foster & Sons

TELEPHONE 669.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS :

"FOSTER," 194 SUSSEX ST., SYDNEY

ONLY ADDRESS:

194 SUSSEX STREET,
SYDNEY.

Foster's "Premier" Seeds . .

Are
Tested
as to
Germination
and
cannot
be
excelled

OUR agents are established in every Country Town of importance, and carry our stocks in packets properly sealed and stamped with the year in which they are filled, and as all **unsold packets are destroyed** at the end of the year, clients are **protected and assured** of securing nothing but the **freshest** seeds. In the event of customers being unable to obtain our seeds from a local agent, we will **forward direct** by return on receipt of order accompanied by remittance, which should be made by crossed cheques in our favour, bank draft, postal notes, money orders, or in the case of small amounts in penny stamps of any State.

Our
Seeds
Foster
Life

☐ All vegetable and flower seeds in **packets**, excepting peas and beans, are delivered **post free**.

☐ **Bulk orders**, unless otherwise mentioned, are placed **free on rail or boat**, Sydney, at which point our responsibility ends.

☐ **Our Terms are Net Cash**. It is becoming more and more palpable that this is the only basis on which the highest quality can be sold at a reasonable price. The quality of our seeds, and the modern and high standard of our methods of business, have for many years secured to us an extensive and valued clientele, and we shall continue to do our best to retain same intact.

☐ While we do our best to protect customers' interests, and select and test our seeds with the greatest possible care, it must be understood that we do not warrant anything, and will not be in any way responsible for the crop.

Foster & Sons

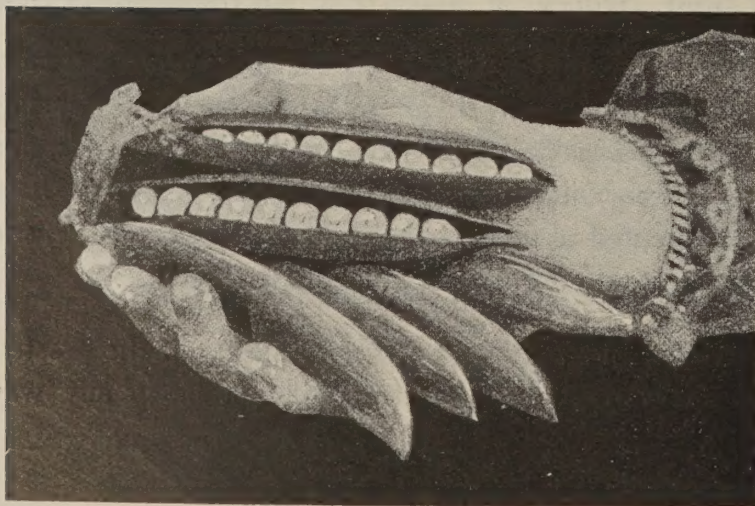
Foster's List of Specialities in Vegetable Seeds.

Carefully selected Strains, which on account of their extra quality we particularly recommend.

We much regret to report an unprecedented scarcity of many seeds caused by a drought in Europe, which in England started on May 3, and lasted until September 14th; this unfortunately followed three short cropped seasons. Indifferent harvests are also reported from the United States and Canada. We have, however, secured our supplies and shall be prepared to meet the Australian market price in high-grade seeds throughout the season.

Pea.

GREENFEAST. Height 1½ feet. It is quite distinct in pod and foliage, the leaves being very small, the pods long, thin, and much curved. It is an enormous cropper, the plants being quite smothered with handsome dark-green pods. We consider it superior to "Daisy" either for market or private gardens, and when it becomes known, no garden will be complete without the Greenfeast Pea. (See Illustration from a Photo.) 6d. and 1/- packet



Foster's "Greenfeast," New.



The "Pilot."

THE PILOT. A very early, hardy variety, 2½ ft. high, bearing long, dark green showy pods. It is a great cropper, and is a decided advance. Highly recommended for Market Gardeners situated some distance from the Market, as the pods of this variety retain their color long after being gathered.

6d. packet; 1/6 quart.

COUNT ZEPPELIN GIANT RUNNER BEANS. The broad and fleshy pods are about 13 inches long. It is extremely prolific, and quickly comes into bearing. Owing to its tender, almost entirely stringless pods, it is certain to become a great favorite.

Per packet, 1/-.

Foster's List of Specialities in Vegetable Seeds—(continued).

Brussels Sprouts.

FOSTER'S "MAMMOTH SELECT." A very superior stock, the plants forming a perfect cone of very fine even sized solid Sprouts, not coarse and not too small. This stock has been selected again and again and will be found superior in every respect.

6d. and 1/- packet, 1/6 oz.

Foster's Seeds
Foster Life.



Foster's "Mammoth Select."

Cabbage.

FOSTER'S "HERALD." Earliest pointed head. Unrivalled for earliness and quality. It is medium size, very firm at the heart, with very few outer leaves and those free from coarseness, and turns in like magic. Excellent for Market Gardeners or private use. Sow in January or February—

6d. and 1/- packet

SUTTON'S APRIL. This variety is remarkable for its earliness and quality. It is small and conical, and should be sown in the Autumn. It hearts well and solid, and seldom bolts.

6d. and 1/- packet

Beet.

CHELTENHAM GREEN TOP. This is a splendid Beet of good color. The leaves are of greenish hue, and in quality it is one of the best. The root is dark and close, and in every way commends itself—

3d. and 6d. packet, 1/- oz.

FOSTER'S SUPERB DARK RED. The demand for Beet increases yearly, and it is necessary to produce refined roots with tender flesh and the darkest color. Our "Superb Dark Red" is a medium size, small top, good shape, and quality excellent—

3d. and 6d. packet, 1/- oz.

Foster's List of Specialities in Vegetable Seeds (continued.)

Carrot

BOTANY FAVORITE. Stump rooted intermediate. A high quality Carrot and bright color; grand for bunching and most attractive on the market **3d.** and **6d.** packet, **9d.** oz.

Onion

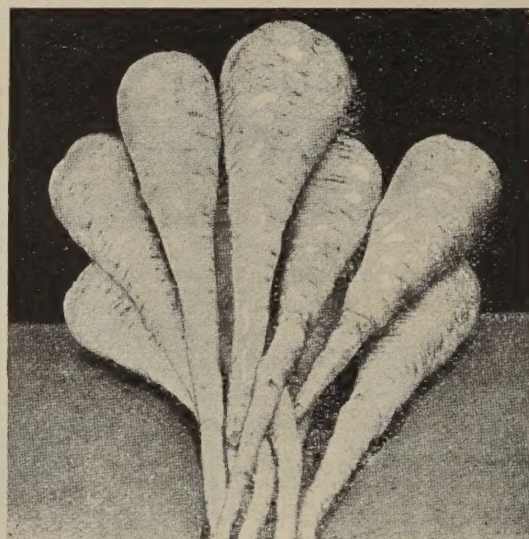
FOSTER'S "GOLDEN BALL." An extra fine globular shaped Onion, with a high shoulder. It is nearly as large as Ailsa Craig, is very hardy and a good keeper. We recommend this variety as a decided advance on all Globe shaped Onions for earliness, cropping, and keeping, and mildness of flavor.
6d. and **1/-** packet

Parsnip

FOSTER'S WHITE QUEEN. A distinct and improved Parsnip; good shape, skin and flesh beautifully white; coreless, and when cooked, splendid flavor—
3d. and **6d.** packet, **1/-** oz.



Lettuce—"Rockdale Surprise."



Parsnip—Foster's White Queen.

Swede

FOSTER'S IMPROVED GARDEN. This is a great improvement on Laing's Garden Swede. It is entirely free from woody fibre, is of delicious flavor, leaves no smell when cooked. The bulbs are handsome, globular form, rich bronzy purple color; good for Market Gardeners **3d.** and **6d.** packet, **1/-** oz.

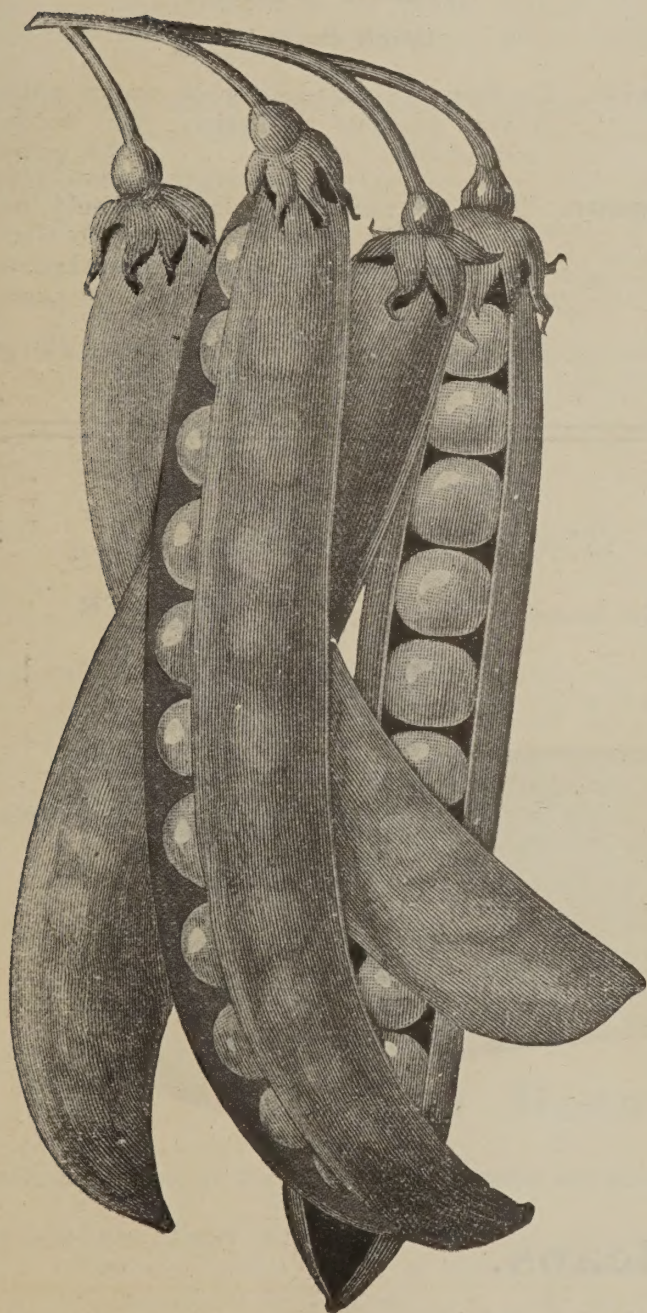
Lettuce

"ROCKDALE SURPRISE." A quick growing, very large Cabbage Lettuce. It is solid, pale color, very crisp, and a sure hearter, stands without bolting much longer than most varieties. This variety has been grown to 7 lbs. in weight, and the quality is all that can be desired.
Per packet, **6d.**

We use every Care.

Foster's Culinary Peas.

Average packet will sow about 30 feet.



The Gladstone.

THE GLADSTONE. 3 feet; bears handsome dark green, thin, curved pods containing 9 to 10 Peas of the finest flavor; the best late variety, and the finest for exhibition. See illustration $\frac{1}{6}$ quart

This List is not extended, we have selected some of the best. Any variety not mentioned which a Customer may desire to have, we will procure for him, provided it is in commerce. Should there be any cause for dissatisfaction with the execution of an order, we should be informed at once, and we will have it rectified without delay—if the fault is ours.

PEAS AND BEANS we sell in 6d. packets only. The price of quart lots is shown opposite each variety, and quotations for larger parcels may be had on application.

In ordering Carriage must be added, viz., 6d. per packet or 9d. per quart.

CULTURE. The ground should be deeply dug, and for the sake of retaining moisture, well rotted manure placed below a spade's depth will give good results. The earliest and hardiest varieties should be sown in Autumn, and again in June; the principal sowings should take place from June to end of October. Peas should be sown in rows running North and South, the same distance apart as the variety makes in height. Earth the plants up and stick them when 2 or 3 inches high, and a mulching to keep them moist is recommended.

FOSTER'S GREENFEAST. See Specialities and Illustration 6d. and 1/- packet

DWARF DEFIANCE (SUTTON'S). $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet; this is an excellent variety bearing long dark pods in abundance; it is about a week later than the "Daisy," but superior, on account of its dark green pods. It is a great cropper, of the best quality $\frac{1}{6}$ quart

WILLIAM HURST. 1 foot; a fine early blue wrinkled Marrowfat Pea; abundant bearer— $\frac{1}{3}$ quart

AMERICAN WONDER. 1 foot; very early and prolific $\frac{1}{3}$ quart

LITTLE GEM. 18 inches high. Early and good quality $\frac{1}{3}$ quart

GRADUS. $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet; it is as early as the earliest, and bears dark green pods of the Duke of Albany type; superb quality much grown in England; seed is scarce $\frac{2}{6}$ quart

THE PILOT. See Specialities and Illustration— $\frac{1}{6}$ quart

Foster's Culinary Peas—(continued).

DAISY. 1½ feet; fine dwarf second early Pea; pods large and well filled, and a tremendous cropper; much in demand 1/3 quart

YORKSHIRE HERO. 2½ feet; we offer a carefully rogued stock of this well known variety. One of the best and most generally used in the Coastal districts. Quotations for quantities on application 1/- quart

STRATAGEM. 2½ feet; a wrinkled green Marrowfat Pea. A very heavy cropper producing remarkably well filled pods of excellent flavor 1/- quart

THE SHERWOOD. 1 foot; an advance on English Wonder and William Hurst. Extra fine 1/3 quart

ENGLISH WONDER. Excellent cropping dwarf. Pea pods and foliage lighter in color than William Hurst 1/3 quart

SUGAR PEAS.

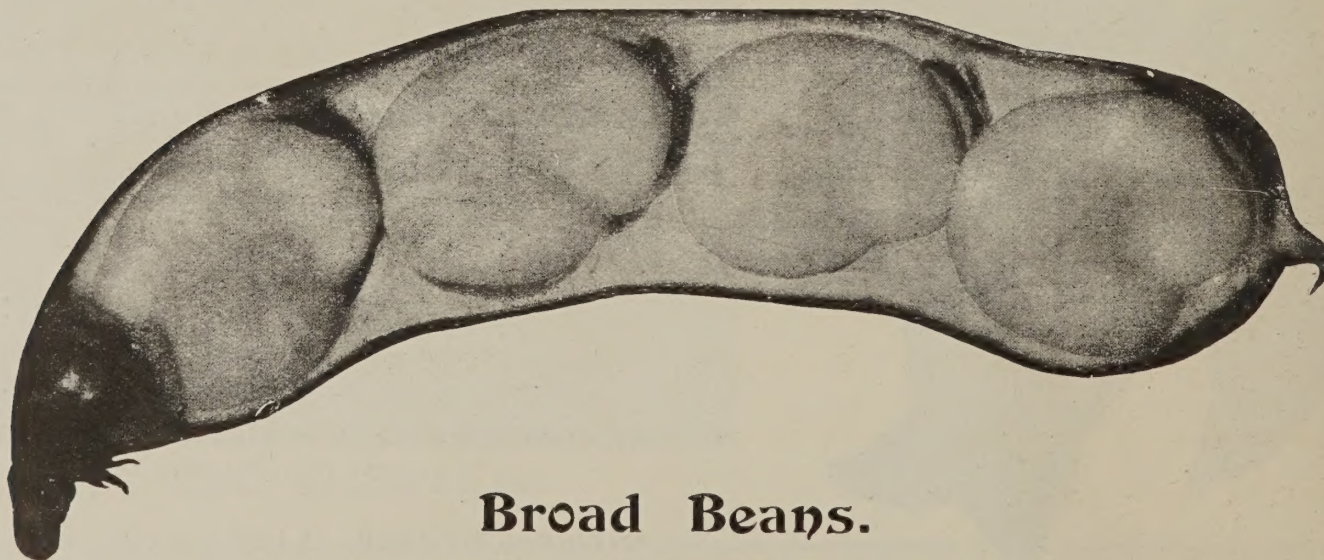
Edible Podded.

TALL. The pods cooked whole when young make a very delicious vegetable. Very hardy and prolific 2/6 quart

DWARF. Does not require staking. Should be cooked whole. Much esteemed in Germany, and should be largely grown here—
2/6 quart

BEANS.

FOSTER'S
PREMIER
SEEDS.



Broad Beans.

1 Packet will sow about 20 feet.

CULTURE. Sow from March until August. The principal sowing should take place in May and June. Sow in rows 4 feet apart, and when the pods have formed, pinch the tops of the main stems off, which will cause them to mature early and also increase the crop. They do well in a strong, rich soil.

FOSTER'S MAMMOTH LONG POD. The finest and most productive of Long Pod Beans; very prolific, pods extra long, and Beans of good quality 1/- quart

HARLINGTON BROAD WINDSOR. Very productive 9d. quart

EARLY LONG POD. Good early variety; hardy—
9d. quart

Foster's Culinary Beans—(continued).

Runner Beans.

1 Packet will sow about 20 feet.

CULTURE. Sow from September to the end of January in rows 4 feet apart. They require liberal treatment as regards Manure, and need to be well supplied with water during dry weather.

COUNT ZEPPELIN GIANT RUNNER BEANS. (See Specialities) 1/- packet

EPIPURE (Stringless). Grows 6 to 8 feet, and will bear throughout the Summer if the pods are not allowed to mature. The pods are thick and fleshy, they can be used when quite young, and do not get stringy as other sorts 2/- quart

SCARLET RUNNERS. Thrive in cold districts, and are useful quick climbers for covering unsightly objects 1/6 quart

WHITE DUTCH. Useful variety, large and fine. Pods long and flat, and should be gathered when quite young 1/6 quart

ZEBRA, NAPOLEON, OR MOHAWK. A very vigorous and prolific variety, and easily cultivated 1/6 quart

MONT D'OR. Wax podded, very prolific, perfectly stringless, delicate lemon color .. 1/9 quart

SNAKE OR ASPARAGUS BEAN. Suitable for warm climates, bears long narrow stringless beans 18 inches long, of Asparagus flavor..... 2/- ¼ lb.

TONCAN OR MADAGASCAR RUNNER BEANS. An evergreen perennial climber, and produces prodigious quantities of large flat beans of good quality, for about 9 out of the 12 months. The plant is ornamental, and may be used to cover unsightly objects. 1/- lb.

Dwarf French or Kidney Beans.

1 Packet will sow 20 feet.

CULTURE. Plant in an open sunny situation, rows 2 feet apart, plants 4 inches apart, in Spring to the middle of Summer. Plants should be frequently watered during the hot dry months of the year.

CANADIAN WONDER. One of the most productive Beans in cultivation. Pods fleshy and very tender, much grown by market gardeners. The Seed of these is grown for us on contract by one of the most reliable growers in the Southern Hemisphere, and after harvesting every pound is carefully

picked over by hand; thereby ensuring freedom from damaged and unmaturing grains. 1/6 quart

NEGRO, LONG POD. Good cropper, excellent quality 1/6 quart

PALE DUN. Very early variety, tender and succulent 1/6 quart

STRINGLESS GREEN POD. These yield a large quantity of almost straight pods, which are quite stringless and of first-class quality. We recommend a trial of them. .. 2/- quart

Dwarf Beans, Waxpodded.

Cultivation same as Dwarf French. 1 Packet will sow 20 feet.

STARTLER (Dwarf Butter). A very early prolific variety, pods 6 to 8 inches, bearing throughout the Summer 2/- quart

IMPROVED DWARF GOLDEN BUTTER (Black Seeded). Very prolific, bearing tender, fleshy, quite stringless transparent Beans, about 4 inches long, in abundance, which can be cooked whole. 2/- quart

Lima Beans.

HENDERSON'S BUSH LIMA. 18 inches high, very productive 2/- quart

KING OF LIMAS. Tall variety, growing as high as 8 feet. A strong grower, producing a large crop of delicious Beans, which are becoming great favorites 2/- quart

Foster's Vegetable Seeds—(continued).

Asparagus.



Asparagus.

3d. and 6d. packet.

CULTURE. Asparagus will succeed only in rich, well drained land. Where it is intended to plant, trench the ground to the depth of two feet, at the same time working in a lot of manure with a good sprinkling of salt and soot. Sow the seed in Spring in a seed bed, and the following winter transplant to the prepared bed in rows 18 inches apart and 9 inches in the rows. Encourage the plants to make as much grass as possible, and do not cut for two years and then sparingly. Asparagus beds well made should continue to bear for 12 to 15 years.

For Asparagus Plants see Culinary Roots.

CONNOVER'S COLOSSAL. The best variety.

9d. oz.: 2/6 ¼ lb.

Beetroot.

3d. and 6d. per packet; 2/- per ¼ lb.

(A 6d. packet will sow a row of about 25 feet.)

CULTURE. Sow in rows in Spring, 9 inches apart, on land that has been well manured for the previous crop. The ground should be deeply dug and pulverised, and a little common salt incorporated to obtain best result. The Turnip-rooted Beets are the earliest.

FOSTER'S SUPERB DARK RED. See specialities.

3d. and 6d. packet; 1/- oz.

CRIMSON GLOBE. The best shape for early use and shallow soils. It is the deepest blood red color, and free from coarseness and side-shoots, having only a slender tap root.



Foster's "Superb" Dark Beet.

EGYPTIAN TURNIP ROOTED. Flesh deep red, early variety.

DELL'S BLACK LEAF. Roots dark red, very dark foliage, suitable for planting in borders.

CHELTHENHAM GREEN TOP. Highly recommended. (See Specialities)—
3d. and 6d. packet, 1/- oz.

SILVER SPINACH, OR SEA KALE BEET. The mid ribs are silvery white and should be served like Asparagus; the remaining green parts cooked like Spinach. The plant will bear frequent cutting; the roots are not edible.

SUGAR BEET. See Agricultural Seeds.

Foster's Vegetable Seeds—(continued).



Borecole.

Borecole, Scotch Kale or Curly Greens

3d. and 6d. packet; 1/6 oz.; 2/- per 1/4 lb.

(1 oz. will sow 6 square yards for transplanting.)

CULTURE. Suitable for cool climates, frost being necessary to make them tender. Sow from November to January and plant out as for Brussels Sprouts.

DWARF GREEN CURLED. An excellent winter vegetable.

Broccoli

3d. and 6d. packet; 9d. oz.; 4/6 per 1/4 lb.

(1 oz. will sow 6 square yards for transplanting.)

CULTURE. Broccoli requires a deep, rich soil to do well. Transplant in rows 2 feet apart and 2 feet between each plant. Sow in late Spring and early Summer.

ADAM'S EARLY WHITE. Fine early, large white.

MAMMOTH LATE WHITE. One of the best for late. Very hardy.

VEITCH'S SELF-PROTECTING. A valuable variety for Autumn and early Winter use; firm, compact, white heads, and well protected.



Broccoli.

Foster's Seeds

Foster Life!

Brussels Sprouts

One ounce will sow 6 square yards for transplanting.
3d. and 6d. packet, 9d. oz.

CULTURE. These to do well require liberal cultivation, the ground well dug and manured. Sow from November to January and trans-

plant into rows 2 feet apart, and 18 inches in the rows.

FOSTER'S MAMMOTH SELECT. (See Specialities) 6d. and 1/- packet, 1/6 oz.

COVENT GARDEN GIANT. A very fine early variety, bearing large tender solid sprouts,

Cabbage.



3d. and 6d. packet; 9d. oz., except where otherwise stated.
(1 oz. will sow 6 square yards for transplanting.)

CULTIVATION. This is one of the easiest cultivated and most generally used vegetable in the civilised world. A little seed may be sown in every month of the year excepting, say, May and June, in a good, strong, forcing seed bed, and when the young plants are large enough to handle, they can be planted out in rows from 16 to 24 inches apart, according to the variety. They like a strong, well-manured soil, with frequent waterings, providing the beds are well drained. The quicker the growth the more tender the Cabbage.

FOSTER'S HERALD, the earliest conical cabbage.
(See Specialities) 6d. and 1/- packet

PREMIER EARLY ALL HEAD is the earliest of all the Drumhead Cabbages. The heads are solid, and uniform in color, shape and size. The heads grow compact and free from spreading leaves; highly recommended—
1/- oz., 3/- ¼lb., 10/- lb.

LAMB'S EARLIEST OF ALL. A very early conical shaped variety, very compact on a short stem, with few outside leaves. It is one of the earliest Cabbages extant, good for small gardens 2/6 ¼lb., 8/6 lb.

EARLY YORK. One of the best known; small, but very early 2/- ¼lb., 7/- lb.

LARGE YORK. Medium size, fine quality; stands up well 2/- ¼lb., 7/- lb.

GENUINE APHIS PROOF. An excellent variety to grow in localities where the Aphis is troublesome; it withstands this pest better than any other variety. It is recommended for Summer use in hot districts—
1/- oz., 3/6 ¼lb., 12/6 lb.

SUCCESSION (HENDERSON'S). This is well known to be one of the best and most profitable varieties extant. It is early, grows a good size, fine color and quality; stands the hot weather, seldom bolting, and carries well to the market—
1/- oz., 3/- ¼lb., 10/- lb.

"DRUMHEAD." Medium size, useful for table—
2/- ¼lb., 5/6 lb.

ST. JOHN'S DAY. One of the best for growing during Summer; its qualities are well known, and it is much grown by Market Gardeners 2/- ¼lb., 6/6 lb.

DANISH BALL HEAD. An excellent variety, very hardy, solid and a good keeper. It grows to a large size, and is of fine flavor and color 3d. and 6d. packet, 1/- oz.

ENFIELD MARKET, EAST HAM, or LONDON MARKET. Much grown by Market Gardeners, attains a good size without coarseness. Seed should be sown the latter part of Summer and Autumn only—
2/- ¼lb., 6/6 lb.

FOSTER'S "CLARET COLORED" PICKLING CABBAGE. An extra selected stock. The heads are medium size, very solid, and a splendid color 2/6 ¼lb., 8/6 lb.

SUTTON'S APRIL. (See Specialities)—
6d. and 1/- packet

SAVOY OR CURLED CABBAGE.

DRUMHEAD. For Winter use, very useful and hardy 2/- ¼lb., 6/6 lb.

LATE DRUMHEAD. For late use—2/- ¼lb., 6/6 lb.

Foster's Vegetable Seeds—(continued).



Foster's "clipse."

Cauliflower.

3d. and 6d. packet.

(1 oz. will sow 6 square yards for transplanting.)

CULTURE. Sow the seed in January, February, and March for principal crop, and for succession as required until June or July. Cultivation similar to that given for Cabbage. For success there must be liberal and deep culture. To keep the heads pure white, turn one or two leaves over them.

FOSTER'S "PREMIER" EARLY MAMMOTH CAULIFLOWER. Very early dwarf, compact habit, firm white head, stands dry weather well, and is larger and earlier than any other of the Dwarf varieties.

2/6 oz.

ECLIPSE. One of the largest and finest Cauliflowers in cultivation. It is self-protecting, with large, pure white heads, stands the drought well.

3/- oz.; 10/- per ¼ lb.

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT. Proved stock. This is the largest and best late Cauliflower. It is a hardy and vigorous grower, and almost invariably does well.

1/6 oz.; 4/6 per ¼ lb.

EARLY LONDON. A very good, well known, early variety, large white heads.

1/6 oz.; 4/6 per ¼ lb.

Carrots.

3d. and 6d. packet; 2/6 per ¼ lb.

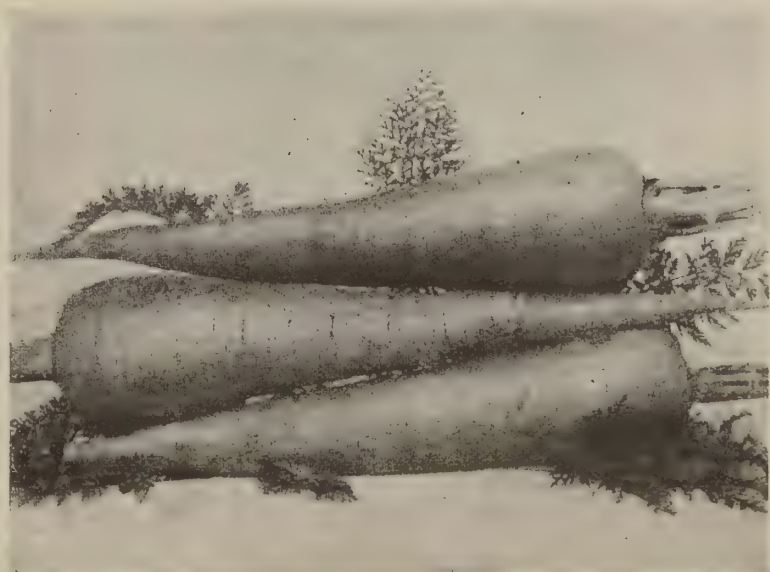
(1 oz. will sow a row of 80 feet.)

CULTURE. Sow in Spring and early Summer; plant in rows 9 inches apart, and thin to 3 inches apart. The Carrot likes a rich, light, sandy soil. When preparing the ground, work in a quantity of lime to check wire worm, etc.

BOTANY FAVORITE. See specialities.

3d. and 6d packet; 9d. oz.

ALTRINGHAM. Extra long, deep scarlet, suitable for deep soils, good variety for horses.



Saint Valery.

Foster's Vegetable Seeds—(continued).

Carrots—(continued).

JAMES' INTERMEDIATE SCARLET. The best Carrot for main crop in shallow soils, producing roots of good size, excellent flavor and color.

EARLY HORN. The best early.

SINCLAIR'S CHAMPION. A heavy cropping Carrot, highly recommended for field or garden. Quite distinct. Rich golden yellow, wedge shaped.

MANCHESTER CARROT. A half long, early variety. It is excellent flavor and good appearance for the Market or Table.

GUERANDE, or OX HEART. This variety is much in demand. It is Intermediate between James Scarlet and Horn Varieties, the shape is nearly oval, the quality is excellent, and it is good for bunching for Market.

SAINT VALERY OR SUTTON'S NEW INTERMEDIATE. An improvement on James Scarlet; the color is brighter; altogether a refined stock.

CELERY.

3d. and 6d. Packet.

One ounce will sow 8 square yards for Transplanting.

CULTURE. Sow for early work in September, and for succession up to December, in a rich seed bed or preferably cold frame, and when the plants are large enough to handle, prick out into boxes or cold frame. When the Seedlings are 3 or 4 inches high, plant out in showery weather in trenches four feet apart. Trenches should be 2 feet deep, and 1½ feet wide, and filled in with good Manure, Leaf Mould, etc., and the best soil available mixed and made firm. To blanch the plants tie the stems up with brown paper before earthing up. Lime and Soot will check Slugs, etc.



Guerande or Ox Heart.



Foster's Selected Leicester Red.

CELERIAC OR TURNIP ROOTED CELERY.
Mostly used for soups.

SANDRINGHAM DWARF, WHITE. A dwarf and thick growing variety, crisp, solid, and nutty flavor 1/6 oz.

LEICESTER RED, SELECTED. A fine hardy, large growing variety, solid, crisp, and excellent flavor. This is the variety used for making Celery Tea, effective in cases of Rheumatism. One teaspoonful of seed to one quart of cold water; boil, then simmer for three or four hours, strain and bottle. Do not cork until cold 1/6 oz.

Celery—(continued).



White Plume Celery.

Cucumbers.

Per Packet 3d. and 6d.

CULTURE. These are best raised in a frame and then well hardened. The ground should be well dug and manured, making mounds of soil about 4 feet apart, 3 plants to a mound. Give plenty of water and Manure in Solution.

SHORT PRICKLY. Very early; an immense cropper—
2/- oz.

LONG GREEN PRICKLY. A long dark green fruit of excellent quality. 2/- oz.

IMPROVED WHITE SPINE. A hardy variety of strong vigorous growth; a good cropper—
2/- oz.

STOCKWOOD. A well known long variety—
2/- oz.

English Frame Cucumber.

Per Packet, 1/-; 10 Seeds.

FOSTER'S IMPROVED TELEGRAPH. Good shape and color; fine cropper.

MARQUIS OF LORNE. Handsome fruit.

DUKE OF EDINBURGH. One of the longest; good setter.

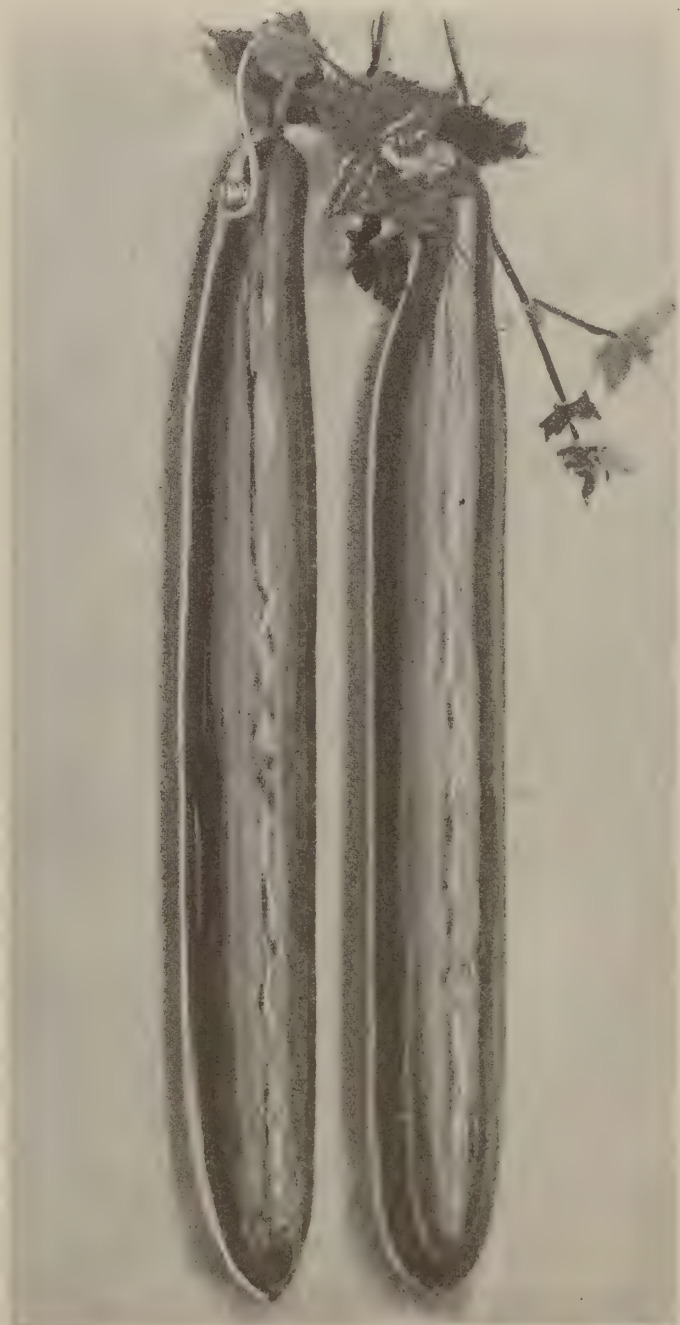
TENDER AND TRUE. Very choice variety, medium length, very fleshy and good quality.

WHITE PLUME. Very tender, self blanching variety
1/6 oz.

PINK PLUME. Similar to above, pink color—
1/6 oz.

GOLDEN, SELF BLANCHING. The stalks are broad and solid, with an attractive color as named 2/- oz.

SOUP CELERY. Used for flavoring soups—
1/6 lb., or post free 2/-



Foster's Improved "Telegraph."

Foster's Vegetable Seeds—(continued).

Cress

3d. and 6d. Packet.

Can be grown at all seasons. Sow in drills about 6in. apart, at intervals for succession, keeping free from weeds.

AMERICAN OR LAND CRESS. A good substitute for Water Cress **9d. ¼lb.**

CURLED CRESS. For Salads, may be cut several times **9d. ¼lb., 2/- lb.**

WATER CRESS. Sow in moist shady place, or better by running water **2/- oz.**

Egg Plant

3d. and 6d. Packet, 3/- per oz.

CULTURE. For the earliest, raise in hot house, and transplant when the frosts have disappeared. Sow the later ones in a warm situation and thin to 18 inches apart, and the fruit must be thinned if fine specimens are required. They can also be grown in pots and staked like tomatoes. To cook, cut the fruit in strips, soak them in salted water for an hour, then dip into batter and fry in hot fat until brown.

LONG WHITE. The best known variety.
3d. and 6d. packet; 3/- oz.

IMPORTED PURPLE, SPINELESS. Skin deep purple, early and prolific.
3d. and 6d. packet; 3/- oz.

Endive

3d. and 6d. Packet.

Largely used in Salads; for culture treat like Lettuce.

IMPROVED MOSS CURLED. Beautifully curled, dark green leaves, excellent salad—
9d. oz., 2/- ¼lb.

Herbs

3d. and 6d. Packet.

CULTURE. Sow in a seed bed, shade with branches of trees, etc., and plant out where required, when the seedlings are strong enough to handle.

ANISE. Used medicinally.

BALM. Used in fever cases.

BASIL. Used for flavoring soups.

BORAGE. Young leaves used as salads.

CARAWAY. Seeds used in confectionery.

CORIANDER. Seeds used in confectionery.

DILL. Used in medicine.

Herbs—(continued).

FENNEL. Used in Fish Sauce.

HOREHOUND. Used in Medicine.

HYSSOP. Used in medicine.

LAVENDER. For Lavender Water for perfuming wearing apparel in wardrobes, etc., keeps away moths **6d. oz.**

MARJORAM. For flavoring.

ROSEMARY. Yields an aromatic oil.

RUE. Used in medicine.

SAGE. Used in stuffing.

SAVORY. Used for soups.

TARRAGON. For soups and salads.

THYME. Used for flavoring.

WORMWOOD. A medicinal herb.

Kohl Rabi

3d. and 6d. Packet.

CULTURE. This is a delicious vegetable and well merits cultivation. It should be eaten young. The seed should only be sown from January to April, in beds as for Cabbage and transplanted. The bulbs will be fit for use during Winter and Spring.

PURPLE AND LARGE GREEN. Delicious vegetables, if cooked when young—
9d. oz., 2/6 ¼lb.

Leek

3d. and 6d. Packet.

(6d. Packet will sow a seed bed two yards square.)

CULTURE. The seed may be sown from August to December, in a rich seed bed. When the plants are strongly rooted, carefully transplant to a well dug and manured trench, giving them plenty of room and liquid manure if possible. To assist blanching, and before earthing up, a brown paper collar, 6 inches deep, should be placed round the plant by slipping it over the top. Keep the plants well on the move by water and attention.

MUSSELBURGH. A fine large variety.
1/- oz.; 3/6 ¼ lb.

DOBBIE'S INTERNATIONAL PRIZE. Very high quality, noted for its long blanching and handsome shape, true stock **1/6 oz.**

THE LYON. An excellent giant variety, blanching well, growing a great weight, and superb mild flavor **1/- oz.**

Foster's Vegetable Seeds—(continued).

Lettuce

3d. and 6d. Packet, 9d. oz., 2/6 ¼ lb.

(6d. Packet will sow a seed bed two yards square.
1oz. will sow a row of 100 feet.)

CULTURE. These may be obtained all the year round by frequent sowing. The soil should be loose and very rich. Lettuces must be grown quickly to be crisp; they are best transplanted like cabbages. Sheep droppings in liquid manure are excellent for Lettuces.



Paris White Cos.

Cabbage Varieties

FOSTER'S ROCKDALE SURPRISE. See Specialities 6d. packet

DRUMHEAD OR MALTA. A good Summer variety, well known.

NEAPOLITAN. Heads large and solid, beautifully curled and tender. One of the best for all seasons; a favorite with Market Gardeners.

ALL THE YEAR ROUND. Very hardy, white and crisp, plain leaves.

TOM THUMB. Very dwarf and compact, white and crisp, hardy, stands well.

CONTINUITY. A very fine compact variety, very tender and crisp, stands well without running to seed; the leaves are tinted brownish red at the edges 1/- oz.

AMERICAN GATHERING. A distinct variety of fine quality; the leaves are bronze green color, curled crisp and compact, the color is quite attractive in the garden and on the table 1/- oz.

ICEBERG. Highly recommended; a quick grower, with hard handsome heads, a decided advance on some of the old sorts 1/- oz.

Lettuce:—Cos

PARIS WHITE COS. Selected, fine size, and good form.

PARIS GREEN COS. Self folding, the best Cos Lettuce; very crisp and slow to run to seed.

Mustard

3d. and 6d. Packet, 9d. ¼lb., 2/- lb.

A valuable addition to the Salad. Grown like and used with Cress, cut when about 2 inches high. Sow in rows

FINEST WHITE. Best for garden use.

AGRICULTURAL OR FIELD MUSTARD.

Rock Melons

3d. and 6d. Packet, 9d. oz., 2/- ¼ lb.

CULTURE. Sow in well-prepared and manured beds in the same manner as for Cucumbers. Use Liquid Manure until they have set their fruit, after this no stimulant will be necessary. Plant to obtain the full power of the sun.

MELROSE. Flesh green, shading to salmon, outside rind dark green; oval shape.

EARLY HACKENSACK. Green flesh, thickly netted green skin.

EMERALD GEM. Delicious, early and prolific, skin light green, flesh salmon color.

NUTMEG. Green flesh. medium size, rich and sugary.

LONG BANANA. A long narrow Melon, orange flesh, very hardy.

CANTALOUPE. Large yellow; well netted and slightly ribbed; flesh salmon colored.

Foster's Seeds Foster Life.

How to Grow Mush- rooms in the Open.



A Mushroom Bed in a Cellar.

The Two
Principal
Considerations in Mushroom
Growing are Temperature
and Necessary Moisture.



Procure a quantity of fresh Manure from a stable where the horses are not given Carrots or green stuff, and turn it several times under a shed until it ceases to emit a violent steam. To grow in the open-air place the manure 18in. thick, and tread same quite firm, forming sloping ridges, selecting a well-drained position. When the temperature of the Manure is 75 or 80 degrees, and you are sure it is on the down grade, insert the spawn (pieces about $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches square), 1 inch deep, and 6 to 8 inches apart. After a day or two, cover the bed with 2 or 3 inches of fine soil, making quite firm, covering the ridges with straw or hay, and over that mats if the weather is wet or very hot; keep the straw moist, using if possible tepid water. Prepare the bed during Summer so as to be cutting during Autumn. Mushrooms will make their appearance about 6 weeks after planting. Keating's Powder is good to check wood lice, etc.

Best English Spawn, per Brick, 1/-. Postage extra.

Watermelons.

(Cultural Directions same as for Cucumbers.)

3d. and 6d. packet, 9d. oz., 2/- $\frac{1}{4}$ lb., 6/- lb.

SUGAR STICK. Bright red flesh; oblong; measuring 20 to 24 inches; luscious.

HALBERT HONEY. Flesh rich crimson color; green rind, rich and tender when ripe.

CUBAN QUEEN. Very large; flesh red and juicy; thin rind; very popular variety.

THE DIXIE. Early; flesh bright red; skin green, and beautifully striped.

KOLB'S GEM. Nearly round in shape; 30 to 50 lbs. in weight; flesh bright red.

KLECKLEY SWEET. Bright scarlet flesh, sugary and melting fruit; 18 to 20 inches long.

ICE CREAM. An old variety, flesh red.

THE BOSS. Oblong; dark green, flesh deep scarlet, and rind thin.

CITRON RED-SEEDED (Preserving). Fruit round; dark green.

Foster's Vegetable Seeds—(continued).

Onions.

3d. and 6d. packet.

(1oz. will sow a row of 100 feet; 6d. packet will sow a seed bed of 36 square feet.)

CULTURE. The seed may be sown from March to November. June is considered the best month to sow in seed beds for transplanting. When sown for bulbing in the ground, plant in July and August. For Autumn sowing use the Tripoli Onion (Giant Rocca), as they stand the Winter best. Onions do best in a deep, rich, heavy soil, which should be trenched the previous Autumn, and dressed with a liberal supply of Farmyard Manure. Thin the plants and keep them free of weeds. Give an occasional dressing of good artificial manure or soot, the latter being a good thing to check insects, etc. The seed bed for Onions should be made very firm.

FOSTER'S "GOLDEN BALL." See Specialities. **6d. and 1/- packet.**

AILSA CRAIG. We offer the true stock globular form, which is one of the largest and most handsome Onions ever raised. It is pale brown color, and keeps well; has a beautiful mild flavor. It has gained thousands of prizes, and is certainly the best for exhibitors. **2/- oz.**

BROWN SPANISH. The main crop and a very productive variety; flat, large and firm, with brown skin; much grown for export and general use **9d. oz., 2/- 1lb., 6/- lb.**

BROWN GLOBE OR JAMES' KEEPING. Grows large, uniform bulbs, and good keepers, especially suitable for market gardeners—**9d. oz., 2/- 1lb., 6/- lb.**

ROUSHAM PARK HERO, OR SUTTON'S A1. A semi-globular Onion of enormous size and quality. It is a great cropper, and the bulbs are straw colored, and excellent keepers. See Illustration **1/- oz.**

THE QUEEN (Pickling). Silver skinned, excellent for home made pickles; largely used—**1/- oz., 3/- 1lb.**

GIANT ROCCA (Tripoli). A fine large Onion, mild flavor; reddish yellow color—**9d. oz., 2/6 1lb., 8/- lb.**

GIANT WHITE ITALIAN TRIPOLI. Large White Onion, growing a great size. These Tripoli are useful for transplanting in early Winter or Spring **9d. oz., 2/6 1lb.**

WHITE LISBON. Grown for salads for Market. Excellent for Spring Onions—**9d. oz., 2/- 1lb.**

WHITE SPANISH. Large flat Onion, grows a good size; mild flavor **9d. oz., 2/- 1lb.**



"Rousham Park Hero."

Parsley.

3d. and 6d. Packet.

(6d. Packet will sow a row of 20 feet.)

CULTURE. This can be sown in Spring or Autumn, in drills 1 foot apart, and the plants thinned out to 6 inches apart. Giving the plants plenty of room will repay the trouble.

EXTRA TRIPLE CURLED. Fine for garnishing—**9d. oz., 2/6 1lb.**

CHAMPION MOSS, CURLED. A very select stock, the leaves being much crimped and curled. **9d. oz., 2/6 1lb.**

Parsnip.

3d. and 6d. Packet.

(6d. Packet will sow a row of 60 feet.)

CULTURE. October is the best month to sow for main crop, but to obtain roots for use in the Spring, the seed should be sown in Autumn after the first rains. The rows should be 15 inches apart, and the plants thinned to 6 inches. Deep, well cultivated land is necessary to secure a good Parsnip crop, and land which has been heavily manured for the previous crop is best, as freshly manured land does not produce the best shape roots.

FOSTER'S WHITE QUEEN. See Specialities—**3d. and 6d. packet, 1/- oz.**

HOLLOW CROWN. Very select; long smooth roots, **1/3 1lb.**

THE STUDENT. Roots medium size, and good quality **1/3 1lb.**

Seed Potatoes.



WE HAVE FOR MANY YEARS been among the largest distributors of Seed Potatoes in the Commonwealth. The importance of the potato Crop cannot be overestimated, when we consider the enormous quantities annually consumed in our vast centres of population, and anything that can be done to improve its quality or culture should be of interest.

It is clear that continuously planting Potatoes in similar soils and climates to those in which they were raised is one of the chief causes of disease, and the falling off in the weight of the crop is also attributable to the same cause. Varieties with stamina and healthy constitution only should be grown, and these should be drawn from a distance where other climatic influences exist. Very large tubers have too many eyes, which growing so thickly injure each other, and as very small tubers are necessarily weak, and weakness is no more suitable for parentage in the Vegetable than the Animal Kingdom, we strongly advise the planting of medium sized seed.

SEED POTATOES (continued).

Should there be a fear of disease on account of the weather, or its appearance on a neighbour's farm, and the haulm of your crop shows the slightest signs of ripening (which takes place first upon its lowermost leaves) it is advisable to lift the crop immediately.

We spare neither trouble nor expense in supplying our customers with selected seed from the best the season produces, and drawn from localities where the climate and the nature of the soil is most conducive to the production of strong, disease-resisting Potatoes.

Prices on application. Please state quantity required. Eight cwt. sufficient to plant an acre.

BEAUTY OF HEBRON. Very early; vigorous grower; very prolific; good cooker.

BROWNELL'S BEAUTY. A round dark skinned variety; recommended; an excellent cooker and a good cropper; planted more extensively than any other in N.S. Wales.

CARMAN, No. 1. A high quality and popular variety. It is a strong grower and heavy cropper. We consider it one of the best varieties in commerce. It resembles the Hebron and the Rose.

CORONATION. A main crop, red skinned variety; very prolific and good cooker.

EARLY ROSE. A heavy cropping early variety, much grown for Market; excellent cooker; well known.

EXTRA EARLY VERMONT. Earlier and more productive than Early Rose. Suits most parts of New South Wales, and is becoming a great favorite.

THE FACTOR. This is generally admitted to be one of the finest quality Potatoes of to-day, and has come to stay, having all the vigor and constitution necessary. We can recommend it as a cooker, cropper, and disease resister. Main crop; white, round variety.

LAPSTONE KIDNEY. A well known variety; largely grown.

SNOWFLAKE. A splendid cooker; a rough skinned hardy variety and great cropper; suitable for a cold locality.

UP-TO-DATE. A roundish, oval variety, which is now very popular. On account of its quality, heavy cropping, and freedom from disease, it is being grown all over the State.

SATISFACTION. A very high class, white skinned Potato. Oval shaped, smooth skin; a splendid cooker.

ADIRONDACK. A good cropper, with a smooth round netted skin with a pink eye; strong constitution.

BREESE'S PROLIFIC (Round). White; a heavy cropper, main crop.

MANHATTAN. One of the heaviest yielding varieties with firm white flesh and shallow eyes; mottled blue and white skin.

BISMARCK. A long white-skinned Potato, with bluish colored eyes, exceptionally early, and a heavy yielder. A great favorite with Tasmanian growers for Winter planting.

BRITISH QUEEN. This is one of the best mid season white kidney varieties. It is a good cropper and disease resister, and does well in almost any locality.

N.B.—We have special facilities for procuring Seed Potatoes from the best sources outside the Commonwealth, therefore seed secured from us will afford a complete change so desirable in Potato Culture.

Foster's Vegetable Seeds—(continued).

Pumpkins.

3d. and 6d. Packet; 2/- $\frac{1}{4}$ lb; 6/- per lb.

CULTURE. Plant in prepared beds strongly manured; about 6 or 7 square feet and 8 feet apart each way, and thin the plants to 4 or 5 per bed. To check the Pumpkin Beetle use "FOSTER'S" Arsenate of Lead, as directed.

(2lb. of seed will be found sufficient for an acre.)

IRONBARK. Fine quality; thick flesh, good flavor and keeper.

CROWN. Medium size; good keeper, and fine quality.

LARGE BUTTON. Fine dry sort; good keeper.

TURK'S CAP. Fine Orange Yellow; an excellent variety for table use.

GRAMMA. The sweetest and best for cattle feeding; it is a wonderful cropper, and is relished by all kinds of stock, especially milch cows. 7/6 lb., post paid.

YELLOW MAMMOTH. Grows to a great size.

Radish.

3d. and 6d. packet; 9d. per $\frac{1}{4}$ lb.; 2/- lb.

(6d. packet will sow a bed of 6 square yards.)

CULTURE. Sow at intervals throughout the year. A rich warm soil will give the best results. Keep well watered, as rapid growth is necessary to produce showy, crisp radishes of mild flavor, free from stringiness.

LONG SCARLET. Well known variety, crisp and tender.

MIXED TURNIP. Red and White Mixed. Quick grower.



French Breakfast.

Radish (continued).

LONG SCARLET WHITE TIPPED. An improvement on the ordinary long scarlet.

ICICLE WHITE. Very early, excellent, crisp, tender, mild flavor, a favorite variety.

FRENCH BREAKFAST. Olive shaped; much in demand.

OLIVE SHAPED WHITE.

OLIVE SHAPED SCARLET.

Rhubarb.

3d. and 6d. Packet; 1/- per oz.

(6d. Packet will sow 4 square yards.)

CULTURE. Sow in spring in a seed bed, and transplant to nursery rows. The following winter select the best plants and plant them in a well prepared, richly manured bed, 3 feet apart. August is the best time to transplant Rhubarb roots.

EARLY ALBERT. Very early; giving a heavy crop for market long before other varieties are fit to cut.

JOHNSTONE'S ST. MARTIN'S. Large variety; good flavor.

FOSTER'S GIANT. Excellent large and prolific. Strongly recommended.

Salsify or Oyster Plant.

3d. and 6d. per Packet; 1/- per oz.

CULTURE. Succeeds under the same treatment as Carrots. Sow the seed in drills 15 inches apart and thin to 6 inches in the row. The young leaves when blanched may be used as a vegetable. In flavor it resembles the Oyster, and should be boiled and served with melted butter.

MAMMOTH. An improved, large-rooted variety.

Scorzonera.

3d. and 6d. per Packet; 1/- per oz.

CULTURE. It is cultivated in the same manner as Parsnip, exclusively for its roots, which may be boiled like Parsnip.

Foster's Vegetable Seeds—(continued).

Sea Kale.

3d. and 6d. Packet; 1/6 lb., post paid 2/-.

CULTURE. Sow in August and September in drills 2 feet apart, and thin to 1 foot apart. When blanching the plants should be covered with pots, boxes, or casks, which in turn should be covered with fresh manure to produce a gentle heat.

Squash.

3d. and 6d per Packet; 2/- per 1/4 lb.

CULTURE. These are of luxuriant and vigorous growth, and although they grow in almost any soil, they will always repay generous treatment. They should receive the same culture as stated for the Cucumber. The bush varieties do not require as much space, as they do not run.

HUBBARD. One of the best Winter Squashes grown; flesh bright yellow; rich flavor.

BOSTON MARROW. A good keeper, and unsurpassed flavor.

PERFECT GEM. Almost round; a prolific bearer, creamy white with thin smooth shell. It is a good keeper, sweet, and rich in flavor.

MARBLEHEAD. Flesh light colored. One of the best, being sweet, dry, and delicate flavor.

Spinach.

3d. and 6d. per Packet; 9d. per 1/4 lb.; 2/6 per lb.

(6d. Packet will sow a row of about 60 feet.)

CULTURE. This may be sown in Spring, but does best in the Autumn, and at intervals of 2 or 3 weeks for succession. As quick growth is necessary the soil cannot be too rich. Guano, Lime, and Salt are excellent for this crop. Give plenty of water, sow in drills, and keep down weeds.

VICTORIA IMPROVED ROUND. The leaves are thick and fine dark green color. It stands longer without seeding than other varieties.

PRICKLY. For Winter use.

ROUND. For Summer use.

NEW ZEALAND. Specially recommended for growing in very hot weather; it is hardy and vigorous.

SPINACH BEET. Leaves used as Spinach. Excellent vegetable for dry seasons. 1/6 per 1/4 lb.

Sweet Corn or Maize.

3d. and 6d. Packet.

(Quotations for quantities on application.)

CULTURE. Sow in late Spring in rows 3 feet apart and thin to 1 foot. To cook, plunge the cobs into boiling water for 5 minutes. Serve up with Butter and Pepper to taste.

PEEP O' DAY. A very early variety.

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN. The best late variety.

COUNTRY GENTLEMAN. The best for main planting.

SWEET POTATO (See Culinary Roots).

FOSTER'S SEEDS FOSTER LIFE

TOMATO.

3d. and 6d. Packet.

Culture. Sow in heat in July and plant in boxes or 3 inch pots, ready to plant out in September. They should be grown sturdy with plenty of air, and close to the glass to avoid being drawn. The best fruits of the Tomato have very few seeds indeed, but it is best to secure a few good seeds saved from high grade fruits regardless of cost. Many of the older varieties still catalogued should be discarded now there are so many choice new strains offered. The growers in the Channel Islands have long since ceased to send wrinkled varieties to the English Markets.

Hints to Amateurs. The safest method an Amateur can adopt in growing a few plants is to get the roots nicely established round a four inch pot, and to plunge pot and plant in the ground. It will then root over and under the pot, which will cause the fruit to set early and check superfluous growth. Keep the plants off the ground by stakes or nailing to a wall; pinch out the side shoots, and stop the main stem, when the full crop of fruit is set. Do not neglect watering, and do not feed until a few fruit have formed. The skin and seeds of the Tomato are not desirable as food, as both are absolutely indigestible.

Foster's almost Seedless Varieties.



"BURWOOD PRIZE." One of the main ones for Market, bearing an enormous crop of smooth, oval, even, medium-sized fruit. It is vigorous and hardy, a good color, carries well, and is much grown in this State.

Per packet, 6d. and 1/-.

FOSTER'S "IDEAL." A heavy cropping, large, smooth, round variety; the best main crop. It sets early, is a good color, very fleshy, and good flavor, and has very few seeds. We personally recommend this variety for handsome, attractive fruits, and abundant bearing.

Per packet, 6d. and 1/-.

COMET. An excellent Tomato of large size, smooth and round; very firm and solid and a quick setter.

EARLY DAWN. This is an extraordinarily early variety; the fruit (borne in large bunches) are medium size and uniform; smooth skin, and rich crimson scarlet color.

HOLMES' SUPREME. This is a vigorous grower and abundant bearer. Large, round, smooth, handsome, deep scarlet fruits, and fine flavor.

SUNRISE (CARTER'S). Certificated R.H.S. A small fruited variety of strong constitution, and resists all attacks of disease. It sets early, and is a continuous bearer, round, smooth, rich red fruit of delicious flavor. An ideal Dessert Tomato.

GOLDEN QUEEN. Rich golden yellow fruit, slightly ribbed 3/- oz.

AMERICAN STONE. A good, large, smooth, red variety. One of the best for market. 2/6 oz.

DWARF CHAMPION. One of the best fruit; medium size, solid and prolific, strong grower 3/- oz.

EARLIANA. A noted early variety; smooth, bright red fruits, good size and flavor; very popular. 3/- oz.

LARGE RED SMOOTH. Great cropper, hardy. Large Red, good quality fruit. 2/6 oz.

THE TROPHY. Wonderfully productive, fine flavored, large and smooth fruit. 1/6 oz.

TURNIPS.

3d. and 6d. per Packet; 9d. per $\frac{1}{4}$ lb.; 2/6 lb.

(6d. Packet will sow 10 square yards.)

CULTURE. A deep, rich light soil in the open should be selected for Turnips, as the crop must be grown quickly to be tender and good flavored. Sow in drills 15 inches apart and thin to 6 inches. The first sowings should be made in Autumn after rain-fall, and at intervals throughout the year. The best time to sow Swedes is late Spring, Summer and Autumn.

EARLY WHITE STONE OR SNOWBALL. Well known.

PURPLE TOP MUNICH. Good, quick growing variety; fine quality.

FOSTER'S EARLY MILAN. A strap leaved variety, the earliest of all the garden Turnips. The bulbs are white with purple top, round, flattened, and solid, with a single tap root. As an early Turnip it cannot be excelled. (See illustration). 9d. per oz.

DOBBIE'S MODEL WHITE. A decided advance on White Stone or Snowball.

ORANGE JELLY. The best yellow fleshed Turnip for the Garden.

NEPAUL OR WHITE STRAPLEAF. A flat white, early, excellent for market.

RED GARDEN GLOBE TURNIP. (Veitch). A very high quality showy turnip, remains longer fit for use than any other variety. Firm in flesh and beautiful in shape and color.



Foster's Red Top Milan.

LAING'S GARDEN SWEDE. Well-known useful variety for garden culture.

FOSTER'S NEW IMPROVED GARDEN SWEDE. See specialties 3d. and 6d. packet; 1/- oz.

Premier Seeds Command Success.

Foster's Vegetable Seeds—(continued).



Foster's Long White Trailing.

Vegetable Marrow.

3d. and 6d. per Packet; 9d. oz.; 2/6 per $\frac{1}{4}$ lb.

CULTURE. Deep rich soil, fully exposed to the sun. Sow in the open in September, giving plenty of water, and when the fruits are set, weak liquid manure.

LONG GREEN TRAILING.

LONG WHITE TRAILING.

CUSTARD. Small and good flavored.

LONG WHITE BUSH.

LONG GREEN BUSH.

PEN-Y-BYD. Orange shaped; white; a good cropper and delicate flavor.

MOORE'S CREAM. A long cream colored variety.

Culinary Roots.

ASPARAGUS, 2 years old. 5/6 per 100.

ASPARAGUS, 3 years old. 7/6 per 100.

ARTICHOKES, JERUSALEM. Red 3d. lb, White 4d.

CARLIC 6d lb.
Obtainable nearly all the year round.

POTATO ONIONS. 6d. lb. Obtainable from February to June inclusive.

TREE ONIONS. 8d. per lb. Obtainable from February to June.

RHUBARB ROOTS. Of sorts 5/- to 9/- per dozen.

SEAKALE. 4/- per dozen, obtainable from April to September.

SHALLOTS. 6d. per lb., obtainable from February to July. We move large quantities of these wholesale and retail. Lowest current prices quoted on application. Autumn is the best time to plant, as the tubers depreciate for planting by being stored.

Sowings in the Vegetable Garden

Arranged for each month.

JANUARY.

BEET. Sow for Autumn and Winter crops.
BORECOLE OR KALE. Sow a good crop for transplanting and use for June.
BROCCOLI. Sow early sorts for use in May and June.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Sow largely for use during Winter.
CAULIFLOWER. Raise good crop for transplanting.
CARROT. Sow early sorts for use in June and July.
CABBAGE. Sow largely varieties marked suitable for Autumn planting.
CELERY. Sow a small quantity to use from the end of July.
CRESS AND MUSTARD. Sow frequently.
FRENCH OR KIDNEY BEANS. Sow a few for use in April or May.
KOHL RABI. The best time for sowing this.
LETTUCE. Sow Tom Thumb Lettuce.
ONION. Sow a small bed to use for salads.
PEAS. A few rows of early varieties for use in April and May.
POTATOES. Plant early varieties for use in April and May.
RADISH. Sow Long Scarlet or French Breakfast.
SAVOY CABBAGE. Sow a good crop for Winter use.
TURNIPS. Sow largely for use from March to May.

FEBRUARY.

BORECOLE OR KALE. Sow for later use.
BROCCOLI. Sow to succeed Cauliflower in Autumn.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Sow for succession and use from July to September.
CABBAGE. Continue sowing early sorts for use in June or July.
CARROT. Sow all sorts for Spring use.
CAULIFLOWER. Sow good crops for use in June and July.
CRESS AND MUSTARD. Sow fortnightly.
CELERY. Transplant in trenches for Winter supply.
ENDIVE. Sow for use in Autumn.
FRENCH BEANS. Continue to sow these.
KOHL RABI. Sow for succession.
LEEK. Transplant into drills for Winter supply.
LETTUCE. Continue to sow in variety.
PEAS. Sow a few early varieties to succeed the former sowing.
POTATOES. Plant early varieties to use in May and June.
RADISH. Continue to sow all sorts.
SPINACH. Sow medium crops for Autumn use.
SAVOY CABBAGE. Another sowing of this.
TURNIP (all Varieties). Continue sowing a few for Winter use.

MARCH.

BROCCOLI. Sow early varieties for use in Spring.
BROAD BEANS. Sow all varieties for main crop.
CABBAGE. Sow a few varieties to follow on in August.
CAULIFLOWER. Sow a few to succeed former crops; and transplant from former seed bed.
CELERY. Finish planting in trenches for the last crop.
CRESS AND MUSTARD. Continue sowing fortnightly.
ENDIVE. Sow a good crop.
KOHL RABI. Sow a few for succession; transplant former sowings.
LETTUCE. Sow for succession.
ONIONS. Sow for pulling green.
PARSLEY. Sow for Winter supply.
PARSNIP. Sow for Spring use.
PEAS. Sow a few of the earlier sorts in a warm situation.
RADISH. Continue sowing all sorts; keep up a regular supply.
SPINACH. Continue. Winter or Prickly to succeed the other.
TURNIP. Sow for Winter use, also Swedes for Winter and Spring.

APRIL.

ASPARAGUS. Cut the stems down to the ground as they decay and top dress and manure with stable manure.
BROAD BEANS. Continue sowing for succession.
CABBAGE. Sow early sorts for use in Spring.
CELERY. Earth up the plants.
CRESS AND MUSTARD. Sow for succession.
ENDIVE. Sow main crop.
CARLIC AND SHALLOTS. Plant bulbs for main crop.
KOHL RABI. Small bed for succession.
LETTUCE. Sow main crop and transplant when ready for use in July.
ONIONS (POTATO AND TREE). Plant tubers for Spring use.
ONIONS. Sow a good crop, to use green in Spring, and to transplant in June for early Summer Onions.
PEAS. Sow a few early sorts for an early Spring supply.
RADISH. Sow for succession.
SPINACH. Sow main crop for Spring supply.
TURNIP. Sow a few Milan Red Top.

Sowings in the Vegetable Garden—(continued).

MAY.

CABBAGE. Finish planting out early sorts to head before Spring growth, to avoid their bolting to seed.

CAULIFLOWER. Sow small beds for use in September.

CRESS AND MUSTARD. Sow at intervals.

ENDIVE. Sow for succession.

HERBS. Divide and replant.

HORSERADISH. Divide the roots and replant.

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE. Plant tubers.

LETTUCE. Sow for succession.

ONION. Continue sowing.

PEAS. Sow several rows for Spring use.

RADISH. Sow for succession.

RHUBARB AND SEAKALE. The latter part of the month make young plantations.

SPINACH. Sow small beds for use in Spring.

JUNE.

BROAD BEANS. Sow for successional crops.

CARROT. Sow short varieties for September use.

CELERY. Finally earth up all advanced crops.

CUCUMBER. Sow for forcing in a hot-bed frame.

LEEK. Sow in frame for transplanting.

LETTUCE. Sow for successional crop.

ONION. Sow for Summer bulbing, transplant from thinnings of former crops.

PEAS. Sow main crop for Spring use.

POTATOES. Plant out a few early Kidneys in a dry, warm situation.

RADISH. Sow for succession.

SPINACH. Sow Winter varieties.

JULY.

ASPARAGUS. Transplant to prepared beds.

BROAD BEANS. Sow for use in October and November.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Sow to use in December.

BORECOLE OR KALE. Sow for use in the Summer.

CABBAGE. Sow early and medium sorts.

CAULIFLOWER. Sow early varieties.

CARLIC AND SHALLOTS. Finish planting these.

HERBS. Divide the old roots and transplant.

HORSERADISH. Finish planting.

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKE. Plant tubers.

LETTUCE. Sow for succession.

LEEK. Sow main crop for Autumn and Winter supply.

ONION. Continue sowing for main crop.

PARSNIP. Sow for use in November.

PEAS. Sow quantities all best sorts for use in October and November.

POTATOES. Plant all sorts this month.

RADISH. Sow for succession.

RHUBARB AND SEA KALE. Finish planting out.

SAVOY CABBAGE. Sow for use from November.

SPINACH. Sow Winter sorts for the last time this season.

TOMATO. Sow in hot bed frames for early crop.

AUGUST.

ASPARAGUS. Top dress Asparagus plants.

BEET. Sow main crop for use in January.

BROAD BEANS. Sow largely, all best sorts for use in November.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Sow for Summer use.

CABBAGE. Make a good sowing of early sorts for Summer, and late sorts, including the Red for Autumn. Transplant former sowings.

CARROT. Sow early sorts for use end of Summer.

CAULIFLOWER. Sow for use from end of November. Plant out previous sowings as the plants are ready.

CELERY. Sow in a hot bed frame for early use.

CUCUMBER. Sow a few in a warm frame for planting out in October.

HERBS. Sow all pot herbs, such as Sage, Thyme, Marjoram, etc.

LEEK. Sow for Winter use. Transplant June sowing.

LETTUCE. Sow main crop.

MELONS (ROCK AND WATER). Sow early with Cucumber seeds.

ONION. Sow main crop for Winter keeping. Transplant previous sowings.

PARSLEY. Sow for Summer supply.

PEAS. Sow in quantity as directed last month.

POTATOES. Plant early and late sorts.

RADISH. Sow for succession.

RHUBARB. Sow now and start roots for forcing.

SALSIFY AND SCORZONERA. Sow now.

SEA KALE. Sow now.

SPINACH. Sow the round variety for use in October.

TOMATO. Sow in a hot bed frame.

VEGETABLE MARROW, PUMPKIN, AND SQUASH. Sow in a hot bed frame.

Sowings in the Vegetable Garden—(continued).

SEPTEMBER.

ASPARAGUS. Sow seeds in drills and top dress established plants.
BROAD BEANS. Sow for succession.
FRENCH BEANS. Sow in a warm situation.
BEETROOT. Sow main crop.
CABBAGE. Sow twice in the month, plant out former sowings.
CAULIFLOWER. Plant out in sheltered situation.
CARROT. Sow main crop of late sort for Autumn and Winter use, and a few early sorts for Summer.
CELERY. At end of month sow this on open ground.
CRESS AND MUSTARD. Sow for supply.
CUCUMBER. Sow in a frame to plant out in October.
EGG PLANT. Sow in a hot bed for transplanting.
KOHL RABI. Sow in drills to remain.
LETTUCE. Sow for use in early December.
MELONS (ROCK AND WATER). Sow a with Cucumber seeds.
ONION. Sow thickly for pickling bulbs to be ready in January.
PARSNIP. Sow main crop for Autumn and Winter use.
PEAS. Sow a good crop, chiefly late sorts, for use from December.
POTATOES. Continue planting for main crop.
RADISH. Sow at intervals.
SEA KALE. Continue blanching established plants.
SWEET CORN. Sow for an early crop.
SPINACH. Sow for succession.
TURNIPS. Make a good sowing towards the end of the month for use in November.
TOMATO. Sow main crop.
VEGETABLE MARROW, PUMPKIN, AND SQUASH. Sow in the open ground towards the end of the month, and transplant from frame.

OCTOBER.

ASPARAGUS. Seed may still be sown.
FRENCH BEANS. Sow good crop for use in December.
BEETROOT. Sow for Autumn and Winter use.
BROCCOLI. Sow main crop for Winter use, and transplant strong young plants.
CABBAGE. Make a good sowing for Autumn supply, transplant young plants.
CARROT. Make a good sowing of late varieties.
CELERY. Sow main crop in the open ground, and prick out young seedlings.
CRESS AND MUSTARD. Sow for succession.
CUCUMBER. Sow main crop in the open ground, plant out seedlings from frames.
HERBS may still be sown.
LEEK. Sow a few to plant out in January for late crop.

LETTUCE. Sow to remain until fit for use in November.
PARSNIP. Sow for main crop.
PEAS. Make a good sowing of main crop sorts for successional crops.
RADISH. Sow long and Turnip Radish.
SALSIFY AND SCORZONERA. Sow for general crop.
SPINACH. Sow the round variety.
SAVOY CABBAGE. Make a good sowing for Autumn and Winter use.
SEA KALE. Continue blanching.
SWEET CORN. Sow at the beginning and end of this month.
TURNIP. Sow a good crop for use from December.
VEGETABLE MARROW, PUMPKIN, AND SQUASH. Same as Cucumber.

NOVEMBER.

FRENCH BEANS. Sow main crop.
BORECOLE OR KALE. Sow a few to plant in Autumn for Winter use.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Sow a few for Winter use.
CABBAGE. Sow a good crop to plant in Autumn for Winter use.
CELERY. Sow good crops to plant in Autumn.
MUSTARD AND CRESS. Sow fortnightly.
CUCUMBER. Sow early in the month, and plant out under cover.
LETTUCE. Sow good crop in a moist situation.
MELONS. Same as Cucumber.
PEAS. Sow largely main crop varieties.
RADISH. Sow for succession.
SWEET CORN. Sow for late crop.
TURNIP. Sow twice in the month for succession.
VEGETABLE MARROW, PUMPKIN, AND SQUASH. As Cucumber.

DECEMBER.

FRENCH BEANS. Sow for succession.
BORECOLE OR KALE. Sow for Winter use.
BRUSSELS SPROUTS. Sow for Winter use.
CABBAGE. Sow to plant in Autumn for Winter use.
CAULIFLOWER. Sow towards the end of this month to secure plenty of early plants.
CELERY. Sow for Winter use, and earth up advanced crops.
CRESS AND MUSTARD. Sow for succession.
KOHL RABI. Sow in drills for Winter use.
LETTUCE. Sow good crop if rainy.
PARSNIP. Sow for Winter use.
PEAS. Sow early and late sorts.
SPINACH. Sow the round variety.
TURNIP. Sow a few.

**How to sow Foster's Specially selected "Premier" Lawn Grasses Prepared
to suit any soil or climate.**



How to make a satisfactory Tennis Lawn.



A TENNIS COURT proper is 78 feet by 36 feet, but the area needed for a practical Lawn is 90 by 40 feet or preferably 100 by 44 feet.

Having selected the site, the first thing to decide is whether drains are required, and to ascertain this make several holes three feet deep during winter or rainy time, and if the water accumulates in the pits to a depth of a foot or so drains are needed, but not otherwise, for unnecessary draining is fatal. The drain pipes, preferably 3 inches, should be placed 2½ feet deep, with a gentle fall and good outlet, and the pipes should be covered with clinkers, brick end, etc., to a depth of 9 inches.

Assuming the site is fairly level, the ground should be well dug, all weeds removed, and at the same time incorporating a good dressing of rotten Manure well distributed, or the Lawn will have a patchy appearance. The ground should then be left to allow the seedling weeds to germinate for removal.

The area should be carefully levelled and rolled, levels tested, raked again, and the seed sown in calm, dull, showery weather, at the rate of 1lb. of seed to every 25 square yards, then rolled, and seeds protected from birds by black thread. When the grass is sufficiently long it should be cut with a sharp scythe.

The best time to sow a Lawn in this country is the latter part of February or early March, and in favorable seasons during September, so that the grasses may be established before the height of Summer.

SPECIALLY CLEANED AND PREPARED SEED (with or without Clover), composed of fine grasses, which we know from long experience to thrive in the climate and conditions of Australia to make a permanent and satisfactory Lawn.

6d. packet, 1/3 per lb.; 4lbs. 4/9, 7 lbs. 8/-; 22/6 per bushel of 20 lbs.

We do not recommend Clover if a Lawn can be secured without its use. When a large Lawn is being sown, it would be well to let us know the nature of the soil.

Lawns of Couch Grass.

Couch is much used in very hot districts, and near the sea. Sow in September, October, and November; 5 lbs. is sufficient for ¼ of an acre, or 40 by 30 yards.

Specially Heavy Seed, 3/6 per lb.

Lawns of Buffalo Grass.

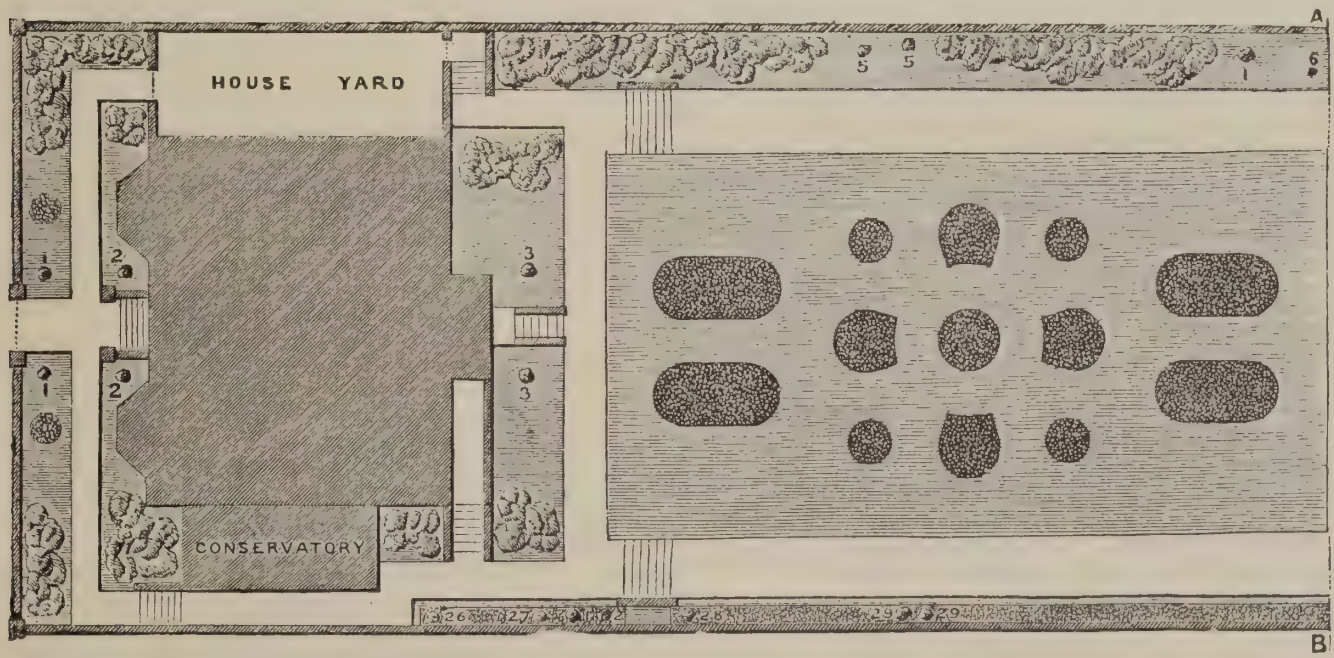
Buffalo does not seed. We supply the roots, which do well in hot districts and grow with wonderful rapidity. Early Spring is the best time to plant; make the roots firm, 6 inches apart.

8/- per 1000, 1/6 per 100, ready for planting.

CARRIAGE EXTRA ON LAWN GRASSES.

A Hint or two on making a Town or Suburban Flower Garden.

Assuming, as is usual, the available ground is a narrow strip but little if any wider than the House which stands upon it. For such a garden the most regular plan of arrangement will be the best to adopt. The walks should be straight and at right angles, and the beds symmetrical and well balanced. A walk on either side, or one down the centre, would be preferable to having a walk one side only. Grass evenly laid is the brightest and most effective base, as it sets off the colors of the flowers and



SCALE—20 FEET TO 1 INCH.

makes the garden appear bigger, and has a continuous pleasing effect. The beds on the turf should be simple in form and arrangement (furnished with masses of flowers of one color) and with no acute angles, which will be easiest kept in order, and display the plants more effectively.

Flower beds ought not to be large or it will be inconvenient to attend to them, nor should the opening between them be very narrow, or the plants in the beds will not be sufficiently separated for good effect. The first object of a flower garden is for displaying flowers, and the more simple and unpretentious the design, the more natural and attractive the flowers will look. The view over the turf in a small garden should be unbroken, making the garden appear more expansive and open, and giving the House a more pronounced elevation. Rockeries, Summer Houses, and the like should be remote from the domicile. Our sketch shows a Town Garden on turf laid out for the growth and display of flowers.

How to Grow Specimen Blooms of Sweet Peas.

AUTUMN SOWN.

Select a position that will get some shade during the day, say parallel with a fence to stop the hot winds.

In January or February dig a trench 2 feet wide and 2 feet deep, filling to a depth of 6 inches with mixed Farm Yard Manure, over this sprinkle one handful to the yard mixed as follows:—2lb. Sulphate of Potash, 4lbs. Superphosphate, and 1lb. of Sulphate of Ammonia. Fill the trench to within 6 inches of the top with good loam, Farm Yard Manure, Soot, and Bone Meal, the remaining 6 inches with the best soil available.

Sow the seeds in March in single row, before germination give a dusting of Soot to keep birds and slugs off, thin the plants to 6 inches apart, stake with bushy sticks, the longest you can procure. Do not feed them until they are in flower or bud. Then we recommend the following used at intervals of every 5 or 6 days:—

1st Dressing	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. Sulphate of Ammonia
2nd Dressing	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. Sulphate of Potash
3rd Dressing	$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. Sulphate of Lime

(In each case to 36 gallons of water.)

The plants must not be allowed to become dry at the roots at any time. During dry weather the foliage should be sprayed with clean water in the cool of the evening, all side shoots should be removed except two or three of the strongest, and the bloom cut daily to prevent seeding and so prolong the flowering period. These hints followed, large specimen flowers, borne on strong stems, 12 to 15 inches in length, should be the result. Under high culture the Spencer or Waved varieties produce very few seeds, consequently the best will always be scarce.

Nothing gives amateurs so much pleasure and satisfaction as growing Sweet Peas to perfection, producing as they do such a quantity of Bloom in such vivid and delicate colours.

The seed we offer has been saved by one of the most successful growers and exhibitors in England.

In our selected list will be found the Waved and Large Flowered varieties, which have proved in careful trials to be amongst the best yet raised. They are all English grown (the Home of the Sweet Pea).

On account of a drought the crop is short; we will, however, give as many seeds of the choicer varieties as the harvest will allow.

Should a display of Flowers be required for a Show, or any particular day, remove all blooms a week before to ensure strong growth. Cut the flowers the previous evening and place them in water in a cool cellar; they will then expand nicely and last longer.



FOSTER'S "PREMIER" SELECTION

of Choice Waved and Large Flowered SWEET PEAS

No. 1. SYEIRA LEE. Of all the varieties yet raised this is one of the most unique, fascinating and attractive. Entirely distinct in color from any other Sweet Pea; soft Apricot tinted, shaded and suffused with Lemon, but seen in the distance or in the Artificial light it is practically a self. In shape, size, and graceful arrangement on the stem it is a true "Spencer" and free blooming. We are pleased to introduce this parcel of seed to all lovers of Sweet Peas, as we are confident the strain will be found fixed and true.

In our sealed packets 1/- each

BLUE AND PURPLE.

Those marked * are Waved Standard or Spencer Varieties.

- No. 2 LORD NELSON.** A deep, rich, bright, blue; large flower 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 3 NAVY BLUE.** True Blue; fine flower— 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 4. DUKE OF WESTMINSTER.** A deep rose maroon, overlaid with bright shining violet; quite distinct .. 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 5. FLORA NORTON.** Pale bright blue; large flower 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 6. *FLORA NORTON (SPENCER).** A lovely shade of Lavender Blue; a most pleasing and distinct color 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 7. FRANK DOLBY.** Beautiful Lavender color; fine flower of the Unwin type— 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

CRIMSON AND SCARLET.

- No. 8. *GEORGE HERBERT.** Bright rosy carmine; large flower and much waved— 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 9. GORGEOUS.** Standard flaming scarlet; wings magenta rose .. 3d., 6d. and 1/- pkt.
- No. 10. KING EDWARD VII.** Striking bright crimson; self color; one of the best — 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 11. *KING EDWARD SPENCER.** Crimson scarlet; true waved standards (See illustration) 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 12. QUEEN ALEXANDRA.** Brilliant scarlet; large flower 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 13. SAINT GEORGE.** Bright fiery scarlet standard, wings slightly deeper; fine flower— 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 14. SAL OPIAN.** Deep crimson, tinged mulberry red 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 15. SCARLET GEM.** Dazzling scarlet; large flower, strong grower, 3d., 6d. and 1/- pkt.



King Edward Spencer

FANCY.

- No. 16. *FLORENCE MORSE (SPENCER).** Delicate bluish pink, margined with pink of a deeper shade 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 17. SYBIL ECKFORD.** Very pretty shade; creamy buff 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

CREAMY GROUND TINTED.

- No. 18. *EVELYN HEMUS.** Cream shading to yellow, edged with terra cotta pink; one of the most attractive varieties 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 19. DORA BREADMORE.** Pale buff yellow, tinged pink 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 20. *MRS. HARDCASTLE SYKES.** A lovely bluish pink; beautifully waved and curled; very fine. (See Illustration) — 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 21. *MRS. HENRY BELL.** One of the best for exhibition. Pale Apricot pink on cream ground; perfect Spencer form. (See Illustration) 6d. and 1/- packet

Sweet Peas—(continued).

No. 22. ***SUTTON'S QUEEN** or **MRS. ROTHERA**. Buff ground, suffused pink, deepening in color towards the edge—6d. and 1/- packet

No. 23. ***MRS. ROUTZAHN SPENCER**. Apricot shade, suffused with pink—6d. and 1/- packet



Mrs. Henry Bell

LAVENDER AND MAUVE.

No. 24. ***ASTA OHN SPENCER**. Lavender tinted mauve. (See Illustration) .. 6d. and 1/- pkt.

No. 25. **LADY GRISEL HAMILTON**. Beautiful shade of pale lavender; still one of the best, much used for bouquets—

3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

MASTERPIECE. (See Specialities), 6d. and 1/- pkt.

No. 26. **MRS. WALTER WRIGHT**. True mauve—3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 27. ***MRS. CHARLES FOSTER**. Delicate lavender tinged lilac; very fine—

6d. and 1/- packet

No. 28. ***THE MARQUIS**. Beautiful rosy mauve; described as a Mrs. Walter Wright Spencer—6d. and 1/- packet

ORANGE.

No. 29. **EVELYN BYATT**. Rich Orange salmon—3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 30. ***HELEN LEWIS**. A most clear shining orange; flowers of the largest size on stout stems, generally in threes and fours—

3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 31. **HENRY ECKFORD**. Fine salmon orange; distinct, large flower—3d., 6d. and 1/- pkt.

No. 32. **MISS WILLMOTT**. Orange pink, shaded rose 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
EARL SPENCER. (See Specialities), 1/- packet.

WHITE.

No. 33. **BLANCHE BURPEE**. Giant white; good form 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 34. **DOROTHY ECKFORD**. Pure white; grand flower 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 35. **NORA UNWIN**. Large; pure white—3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 36. ***WHITE SPENCER** or **ETTA DYKE**. Pure white; beautifully waved—6d. and 1/- pkt.

PINK AND ROSE

No. 37. ***APPLE BLOSSOM SPENCER**. Bright rose and pink 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 38. ***AUDREY CRIER**. Salmon pink, beautifully waved 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 39. **BOLTON'S PINK**. Fine delicate pink—3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 40. **COLLEEN**. Carmine standard, faint blush wings. A. of M., R.H.S., 1909—6d. and 1/- packet

No. 41. ***CONSTANCE OLIVER**. Beautiful pink, suffused cream 6d. and 1/- packet



Mrs. Hardcastle Sykes

No. 42. ***COUNTESS SPENCER**. Selected, ideal pink shade 6d. and 1/- packet

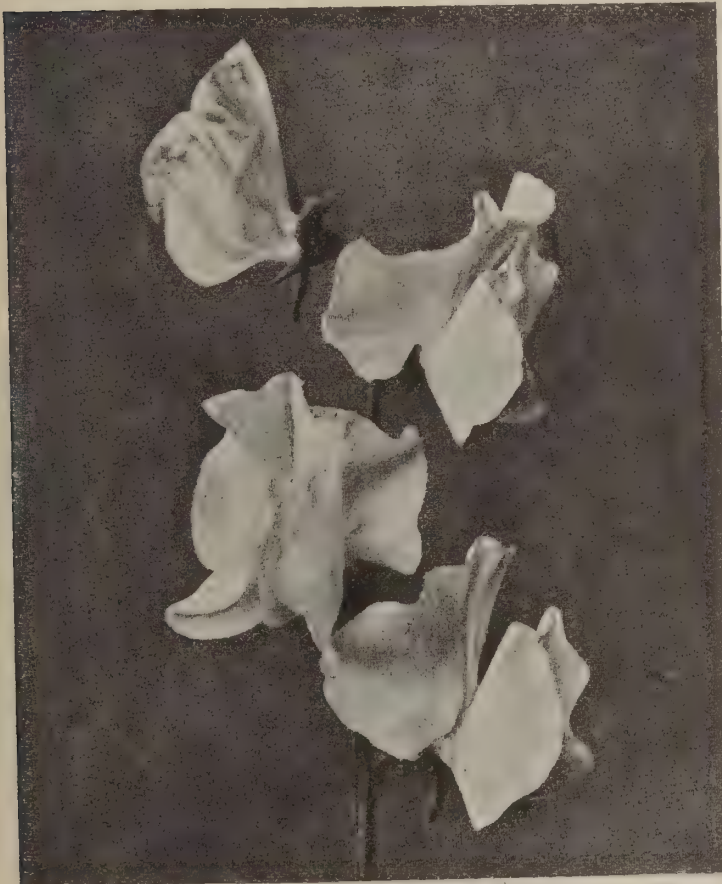
No. 43. ***ENCHANTRESS, SYN PARADISE**. Bright rosy pink; wavy standards; popular in Covent Garden, London—6d. and 1/- packet

No. 44. ***GLADYS UNWIN**. Pale rosy pink—3d., 6d., and 1/- packet

No. 45. ***JOHN INGMAN**. Rich salmon rose; very fine 6d. and 1/- packet

Sweet Peas—(continued).

- No. 46. **LADY PENZANCE.** Pale bright rose; fine—
3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
No. 47. **LOVELY.** A pleasing delicate rosy pink—
3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
No. 48. ***LOVELY (SPENCER).** Soft pink; waved—
6d. and 1/- packet
No. 49. ***MRS. W. KING.** Rosy carmine, large flower,
6d. and 1/- packet
No. 50. ***PHYLLIS UNWIN.** Deep rosy carmine—
3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
No. 51. **QUEEN OF SPAIN.** Beautiful shade of flesh
pink 6d. and 1/- packet
No. 52. **WINSOME.** Rosy heliotrope tinted; very
fascinating 6d. and 1/- packet
No. 53. ***ZARINA.** Soft buff pink, quite distinct—
6d. and 1/- packet



Asta Ohn Spencer

PICOTEE, Edged and Striped.

- No. 54. **DAINTY.** White with pink edge—
3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
No. 55. **HELEN PIERCE.** Bright blue mottled on
white ground 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
No. 56. **PHENOMENAL.** Pure white, blue edge—
3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

YELLOW.

- No. 57. **HON. MRS. KENYON.** Deep shade of prim-
rose 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
No. 58. **JAMES GRIEVE.** Pale yellow; bold flower—
6d. and 1/- packet
No. 59. **MRS. COLLIER.** Deep Primrose color—
3d., 6d. and 1/- packet
No. 60. ***PRIMROSE SPENCER.** Deep Primrose yel-
low 6d. and 1/- packet

- No. 61. **FOSTER'S PREMIER GIANT FLOWERED MIXTURE, of NAMED WAVED varieties ONLY,** contains all the very largest wavy flowered sorts, and some of the newest varieties. It will be found superb in every respect—Per packet, 6d. and 1/-; per oz., 2/- post free.

- No. 62. **FOSTER'S PREMIER MIXTURE of NAMED VARIETIES.** All the best large flowered, in the most vivid and delicate shades—3d. and 6d. per packet; 1/- per oz.; 4ozs. 3/- post free.

- No. 63. **FOSTER'S PREMIER MIXTURE GIANT FLOWERED VARIETIES.** The best of the newest large flowered sorts, a large proportion of light shades being used—3d. and 6d. packet; ¼ lb., 1/9; 1 lb., 6/- post free.

These three mixtures (Nos. 61, 62, and 63) consist of the best and most fascinating colors only, light and dark shades of each color to cause a pleasing blend. Our friends will agree that 40 or 50 varieties mixed without regard, have a worrying and vulgar effect.

FOSTER'S WINTER BLOOMING SWEET PEAS.

A new and early flowering race of SWEET PEAS. If sown in January or February they will commence to flower in the depth of Winter, when flowers are most appreciated.

- No. 64. **EARLIEST WHITE.** Pure white . . . 6d. pkt.
No. 65. **MRS. C. H. TOTTY.** Sky blue 6d. pkt.
No. 66. **MRS. Wm. SIMS.** Salmon buff 6d. pkt.
No. 67. **MRS. E. WILD.** Carmine 6d. pkt.
No. 68. **W. W. SMALLY.** Delicate rose 6d. pkt.
No. 69. **JACK HUNTER (IVORY)** 6d. pkt.
New Early Flowering for Winter Blooming (Mixed)—
per packet, 6d.

Dwarf Cupid Sweet Peas.

Very hardy, and can be sown any time in the Autumn or early Spring. They are suitable for edging to Flower Borders, or massing.

- No. 70. **WHITE** 6d. per packet
No. 71. **MIXED.** All the best colors and varieties—
6d. per packet

May we suggest the following selection, which includes the best shades.

Grandiflora Varieties.

LOVELY	LADY PENZANCE
SALOPAN	HENRY ECKFORD
EDWARD VII.	DORA BREADMORE
MRS. COLLIER	DOROTHY ECKFORD
LORD NELSON	MRS. WALTER WRIGHT
MISS WILLMOTT	LADY GRISEL HAMILTON

Spencer Varieties.

FLORA NORTON	MRS. HARDCASTLE SYKES
EVELYN HEMUS	PRIMROSE SPENCER
ASTA OHN	CONSTANCE OLIVER
HELEN LEWIS	GEORGE HERBERT
ENCHANTRESS	WHITE SPENCER
JOHN INGMAN	APPLE BLOSSOM

New and Extra Choice Strains of Flower Seeds

which, on account of
novelty or desira-
bility, we particu-
larly recommend. . .



Gerbera Jamesoni Hybrida.

No. 73. GERBERA JAMESONI HYBRIDA. New, light, and graceful Marguerite-like flowers, with single petals, in the exquisite and delicate shades of yellow, rose, cherry red, salmon, terra cotta, crimson and white; borne on long, slender strong stems. The plant is half hardy perennial, and is easily cultivated, and the flowers last a long time in water 1/- and 1/6 packet

No. 74. WALLFLOWER, DWARF BUSH. A new strain of dwarf compact Wallflower, forming dense bushy plants seldom more than 12 inches in height, and when well grown 15 to 18 inches across. The flowers are borne well above the foliage, and are of a rich velvety dark red—6d. and 1/- packet



Helianthus Cucumerifolius

No. 75. HELIANTHUS CUCUMERIFOLIUS PURPUREUS. Miniature Sunflower, crimson flowered; unique in Sunflowers. The colors range from light pink to deep purple; the petals are partly flat and partly twisted, ending in fine needle like points. Superb for decoration 1/- packet

Choice Flower Seed Novelties

(Continued).

WE wish to specially call the attention of Connoisseurs to our Strains of Stocks, Asters, Marigolds, Zinnias, and Sweet Peas, which we are confident cannot be excelled.

No. 76. Aster, Sinensis. Single or Marguerite Aster; most useful and decorative, and superbly effective in borders. The flowers, which are produced on long strong stems, have elegantly waved petals lasting a long time when cut. One of the most pleasing and popular flowers introduced for years. Invaluable for decorative purposes, in separate colors; white, bright rose, dark red, and light blue 6d. and 1/- packet



Aster Victoria.



Aster Sinensis.

- No. 77. NICOTIANA AFFINIS.** Large flowered hybrids. Vivid and delicate shades delightfully perfumed. Planted in a mass they have a striking and exotic appearance; good for cutting; a most valuable Annual
6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 78. POPPY "ICELAND."** New Excelsior strain; striking and beautiful colors, including pink, rose, salmon, lemon, flesh color, and blush. Grown in a mass the effect is charming 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 79. SWEET PEA "SYEIRA LEE."** Our strain is superior to Miriam Beaver.
- No. 80. EARL SPENCER (Henry Eckford Waved).** Its unique and charming color (intense bright orange) is certain to popularise this new Spencer variety. It is a strong grower, and the flowers are large, with the decided "Countess" type. For table decoration it is ideal and shows well by artificial light—
1/- packet
- No. 81. MASTERPIECE.** Certificated R.H.S. A fine new lavender Spencer; an advance in this color; light lavender with large waved flowers, borne in threes and fours—
6d. and 1/- packet

FLOWER SEEDS



Calliopsis Drummondii
(See next page for description).

To Assist Our Friends

in making a selection quickly, with as little trouble as possible, we have classified this list - Annuals, Perennials, etc., starting each with a hint or two as to their raising and culture. So arranged, we think, shows concisely time of sowing, flowering, and the different ways that seedlings may be utilised to brighten and furnish a garden in Spring, Summer, and Autumn with a show of flowers.



In the Old Country

we saw an effective exhibit of Hardy Annuals which had been grown under glass in large pots, by a well-known seed growing firm from their selected strains. The plants and flowers showed such an advance as to be scarcely recognisable, the flowers being so large and bright, and the plants light and graceful. We mention this to emphasize that it is by skilful culture, attention to details, and liberal treatment, that flowers are brought to perfection.

FOSTER'S

Choice Hardy Annuals for Cutting.

FOR HOUSE AND TABLE DECORATION.

Or for sowing in tumps, borders, massing, or in a wild garden. They are mostly varieties best sown where they are intended to flower. Give the plants plenty of room, or they will become drawn and weak. These will flower the same year as sown.

No. 82. ACROCLINIUM. Everlasting; white and rose flowers; 12 inches 3d. packet

No. 83. ALONSOA WARSCEWICZII. Brilliant scarlet; 18 inches 3d. packet

ORDER SHEET, 1912.

FOSTER & SONS,

Seed Merchants and Grain Growers,

... 194 SUSSEX STREET, SYDNEY. ...

Please forward undermentioned goods per _____ to _____
(State if by Rail, Steamer, or Parcels Post.) (State Name of Station, Port or Post Town.)

addressed to me. I enclose £..... to cover cost.

Signature _____

Date 1912. Address in full _____

(With Post Town, and State.)

Vegetable Seed Order.

Please write Flower Seed Order and requirements in Sundries on other side.

Flower Seed Order.

When Ordering Flower Seeds it is only necessary to give the numbers opposite the variety appearing in this Catalog

Agricultural Seeds.

Foster's Hardy Annuals—(continued).

- No. 84. AGROSTEMMA COELI ROSEA** (1 foot). Pretty, free blooming, bright rose—
6d. packet
- No. 85. AMMOBIUM ALATUM.** Large white flowers; 2 feet 3d. packet
- No. 86. ARCTOTIS GRANDIS.** Flowers white with yellow ring round centre; back of petal, pale lilac; 2 feet 6d. packet
- No. 87. BARTONIA AUREA.** Orange yellow, very showy; 12 inches 3d. packet
- No. 88. BROWALLIA ELATA.** Blue; very pretty; good for cutting 3d. packet
- No. 89. CACALIA COCCINEA.** Scarlet; tassel flower— 3d. packet
- No. 90. CALANDRINIA SPECIOSA.** Good for rockwork; purple and white 3d. packet
- No. 91. CALENDULA OFFICINALIS "METEOR."** Golden; 2 ft. 3d. packet
- No. 92. CALENDULA OFFICINALIS "PRINCE OF ORANGE."** Very showy 3d. packet
- No. 93. CALLIOPSIS DRUMMONDI** Yellow and brown; 2 feet; very bright, and last long in bloom 3d. packet
- No. 94. CALLIOPSIS TINCTORIA.** Yellow and brown; 2 feet; very bright, and last long in bloom 3d. packet
- No. 95. CYANUS MINOR (Cornflower).** Blue, rose, white, or mixed 3d. packet
- No. 96. CENTAUREA MARGARITAE.** Large white Cornflower, delicious odour; 18 inches—
6d. packet
- No. 97. CORONARIUM CHRYSANTHEMUM.** Double yellow; 3 feet 3d. packet
- No. 98. CHRYSANTHEMUM CORONARIUM.** Double mixed, pure white, yellow, and bronze 6d. packet
- No. 99. CHRYSANTHEMUM INODORUM "BRIDAL ROBE"** Compact plants about 10 in. high; the flowers are extra double; pure white; very fine,
6d. packet
- No. 100. CHRYSANTHEMUM SEGETUM GRANDIFLORUM.** Bright yellow; invaluable for cutting; 2½ feet .. 6d. packet
- No. 101. CHRYSANTHEMUM TRICOLOR BURRIDGIANUM** Crimson, white, and yellow petals 3d. packet

- No. 102. CHRYSANTHEMUM NEW DOUBLE ANNUAL HYBRIDS.** Great variety of color and form; grand for cutting—6d. packet
- No. 103. CLARKIA PULCHELLA.** Red, free flowering, and fine for edgings or beds—
3d. packet
- No. 104. CLARKIA PULCHELLA ALBA.** White, free flowering, and fine for edgings or beds,
3d. packet
- No. 105. CLARKIA PULCHELLA INTEGRIPETALA.** Crimson, free flowering, and fine for edgings or beds 3d. packet
- No. 105a. CONVULVULUS MINOR.** Mixed; excellent for clumps; various rich colored flowers; 1 foot 3d. packet



CORNFLOWER

Foster's Seeds Foster Life

Hardy Annuals—(continued).

- No. 106. Cosmos** A beautiful Autumn flowering plant. If sown in Spring they will bloom in Autumn, and continue to bloom into the Winter. The flowers are charming, on long stems; embracing all shades, red, white, purple, lavender, and will stand well in water, mixed **3d. packet**
- No. 107. COSMOS BIPINNATA.** Pink; bright shade. **3d. packet**
- No. 108. COSMOS BIPINNATA ALBA.** White; large flower **3d. packet**
- No. 109. COSMOS "KLONDYKE."** Rich deep orange; vigorous grower **6d. packet**
- No. 110. COSMOS "LADY LENNOX."** Giant flowered; bright pink color **6d. packet**
- No. 111. DIMORPHOTHECA AURANTIACA.** A remarkably showy Annual from South Africa. The plants are from 12 to 15 inches high, and are extremely profuse in flowering. The Marguerite-like flower, 2½ inches in diameter, is of a rich, orange, gold color, with dark centres. It flowers soon after being planted out, and delights in a sunny situation; it should find a place in every garden **6d. and 1/- packet**



Godetia

- No. 112. ESCHSCHOLTZIA CALIFORNICA.** Bright yellow; 1 foot **3d. packet**
- No. 113. ESCHSCHOLTZIA CROCEA.** Orange color **3d. packet**
- No. 114. ESCHSCHOLTZIA "CARMINE KING."** Carmine rose; large flowers **3d. packet**
- No. 115. ESCHSCHOLTZIA "MANDARIN."** Brilliant deep orange **3d. packet**

- No. 116. GILIA DICHOTOMA.** Quite the best of the Gilias; is literally covered with large flowers of the purest white; excellent for border or basket plant; 1 foot—**6d. packet**
- No. 117. CYP SOPHILA ELEGANS.** Rosy white, small, pretty, light flowers; good for table decoration; 18 inches .. **3d. and 6d. packet**
- No. 118. HIBISCUS AFRICANUS.** Creamy white; attractive **3d. packet**



Cosmos

- No. 119. CAILLARDIA LORENZIANA.** Handsome, double-quilled flowers; red and yellow shades; 18 inches **3d. packet**
- No. 120. CAILLARDIA PICTA.** Single, mixed colors; 18 inches **3d. packet**
- No. 121. Godetia.** Among the best and most showy of Annuals. Sow in Autumn for Spring flowering; 1 foot mixed.. **3d. pkt.**
- No. 122. CODETIA "DUCHESS OF ALBANY."** Beautiful glossy satiny white flowers; 12 inches **3d. packet**
- No. 123. CODETIA, "LADY ALBEMARLE."** Dark crimson; 1 foot **3d. packet**
- No. 124. CODETIA, "THE BRIDE."** Flowers white, blotched with crimson; 1 foot—**3d. packet**
- No. 125. CODETIA, "DUCHESS OF FIFE."** Satiny white ground; each petal distinctly blotched scarlet **6d. packet**

Hardy Annuals—(continued).

No. 126. LEPTOSYNE MARITIMA (Winter Flowering Yellow Marguerite). Superb for cutting; large golden yellow flowers, similar to the Marguerite Daisy; 2 feet—**3d.** packet

No. 127. LARKSPUR, TALL BRANCHING. 18 inches; choice colors mixed; the best for cutting **3d.** packet



Mignonette, Bismarck.

No. 128. LARKSPUR, DWARF ROCKET (Hyacinth Flowered). Extra fine; 1 foot—**3d.** packet

No. 129. LARKSPUR, DWARF CANDELABRUM. Choice mixed dwarf **3d.** packet

No. 130. MATHIOLA BICORNIS (Night Scented Stock). Very pretty lilac flower. After a shower, or in the evening, their perfume is delightful; 1 foot **3d.** packet

No. 131. Mignonette, "COLIATH." A giant flowered variety of great merit. Double red flowers of sweet perfume; suitable for pots or open ground **6d.** packet

No. 132. MIGNONETTE, "BISMARCK." Larger trusses than Machet; very showy; strong grower. (See Illustration.) **6d.** packet

No. 133. MIGNONETTE, "MACHET." One of the best for pots, producing thick spikes of reddish flowers **6d.** packet

No. 134. MIGNONETTE, "GOLDEN MACHET." A valuable and distinct variety, compact habit, bearing large spikes of golden, yellow flowers **6d.** packet

No. 135. MIGNONETTE, LARGE FLOWERED. Carefully selected strains—**3d.** and **6d.** pkt.

No. 136. NICELLA HISPANICA. (Love in a mist). Curious interesting plants; good for cutting; blue flowers; 18 inches—**3d.** packet

No. 137. NICELLA DAMASCENA. (Devil in a Bush). White flowers; 18 inches—**3d.** packet

No. 138. NICELLA, "MISS JEKYLL." Bright cornflower blue, borne on long stems; prettily set in graceful foliage **6d.** packet

No. 139. OENOTHERA MACROCARPA. (Evening Primrose). Large white and yellow flowers; suitable for shrubberies, mixed borders, etc. **3d.** packet

No. 140. PHACELIA CAMPANULARIA. One of the earliest Annuals to bloom, lasting in flower a long time. Flowers bright blue; bell shaped; 9 inches **6d.** packet

No. 141. Phlox DRUMMONDI GRANDIFLORA Finest mixed; large flowered; varied and brilliant colors **3d.** and **6d.** packet

No. 142. PHLOX DRUMMONDI GRANDIFLORA ALBA. Pure white **3d.** packet

No. 143. PHLOX DRUMMONDI GRANDIFLORA SPLENDENS. Vivid crimson—**3d.** packet

No. 144. PHLOX DRUMMONDI GRANDIFLORA CUSPIDATA. A striking and distinct variety. The flowers being toothed gives them the appearance of stars—**3d.** and **6d.** packet

Foster's Hardy Annuals—(continued).

- No. 145. **Poppy, "THE SHIRLEY."** Re-selected strain; in shape and character of growth these are like the wild Poppies of the field, but the colors are every shade imaginable, from pure white to all shades of pink and rose to deep crimson; 12 inches—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 146. **POPPY, "THE MIKADO."** Double white flowers fringed with crimson; large and showy 3d. packet
- No. 147. **POPPY, PAEONY FLOWERED, SINGLE "MISS SHERWOOD."** 2 feet; large single satiny white, the upper half of the Corolla being chamois rose; quite original in its delicacy 6d. packet
- No. 148. **POPPY, "THE BRIDE."** Large pure white; single 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 149. **POPPY, "WHITE SWAN."** Very large double; white, beautifully fringed—
3d. packet
- No. 150. **POPPY, "DWARF FRENCH MIXED."** Double; various colors; fine strains—
3d. packet
- No. 151. **RUDBECKIA BICOLOR SUPERBA.** Produces long-stemmed flowers, in great abundance. The disc is brown, the ray florets yellow, with large velvety spots at the base; 2 feet 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 152. **Sunflower, "TALL SINGLE."** Yellow; 6 feet high 3d. packet
- No. 153. **SUNFLOWER, PRIMROSE COLORED.** Very large single flowered, with dark centre 3d. packet



Shirley Poppy.



Sweet Sultan.

- No. 154. **SUNFLOWER, "GLOBOSUS FISTUOSUS."** Best of double sunflowers; grand globular flowers; 5 feet—
3d. packet
- No. 155. **SUNFLOWER, DWARF DOUBLE.** 3½ feet 3d. packet
- No. 155a. **HELIANTHUS CUCUMERIFOLIUS PURPURENS.** See Specialities—
1/- packet
- No. 156. **SUNFLOWER, MINIATURE.** Golden yellow; purple centre; 3 feet—
3d. packet
- No. 157. **SUNFLOWER, "STELLA" MINIA- TURE.** Yellow with black disc—
3d. packet
- No. 158. **SWEET SULTAN, WHITE** Hardy frag-
rant Annuals, in-
valuable for table
No. 159. **SWEET SULTAN, PURPLE** decoration. They
keep fresh a
long time after
No. 160. **SWEET SULTAN, YELLOW** being cut; 18
inches—
- No. 161. **VISCARIA OCLATA.** Flowers rose colored; does well in a sunny situa-
tion; 18 inches 3d. packet
- No. 162. **XERANTHEMUM, MIXED.** 2 feet; a hardy everlasting flower; good for cutting 3d. packet
- No. 163. **WALLFLOWER, "EARLIEST PARIS."** Sown in the Autumn these will flower the following Spring, being quite Annual in habit. They are particularly adapted for warm climates 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

Half-Hardy Annuals.

In very warm localities they may be sown in March and April, to make an early Spring display, and for a Summer and Autumn show sow in August and September in frames, with about 6 inches of fresh Horse Manure to generate bottom heat, covered with 3 inches of fine soil. In this way all risk from frost is avoided and the plants can be well hardened before being planted out; sown later no protection will be required. Our strains of Stocks, Asters, Marigolds, and Zinnias are extra fine.

No. 164. AMARANTHUS, TRICOLOR (Joseph's Coat). A beautiful ornamental foliage plant; suitable for bedding **3d. packet**



The "Comet."

ASTERS.

The Strains enumerated are saved from the finest Flowers only, and have been procured from a life-long European specialist. Please note we quote Comet, Ostrich Feather, etc., in separate colors, in best shades only for Effective Bedding, Massing, etc.

No. 164. SINENSIS, SINGLE, OR MARQUERITE ASTER. Superb as cut flowers; borne on long stems; the bright rose color most attractive, by artificial light; 2 feet—

No. 164a. White	} (See Specialities.)
No. 164b. Bright rose ...	
No. 164c. Dark red	
No. 164d. Light blue	

6d. and 1/- packet.

No. 165. TRUFFAUTS PAEONY FLOWERED PERFECTION. Choice mixed, vigorous upright grower, with large globular shaped flowers; colors rich and varied—
6d. and 1/- packet

No. 166. DWARF CHRYSANTHEMUM. Extra choice; a splendid dwarf variety; flowers produced in clusters, 10 to 20 on a plant; 10 inches **3d., 6d. and 1/- packet**

No. 167. Victoria. Premier strain; extra choice mixed; a very popular variety, with double imbricated globular flowers 4 inches in diameter; 15 inches—

No. 167a. Pure white ...	} 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet.
No. 167b. Crimson	
No. 167c. Brilliant rose	
No. 167d. Bright blue ...	

No. 168. COMET. Dwarf, a charming Aster; the plants form pyramids about 1 foot high; petals long and twisted like a Japanese Chrysanthemum; choice mixed—

No. 168a. Pure white	} 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet.
No. 168b. Rose and white .	
No. 168c. Scarlet	
No. 168d. Rose	
No. 168e. Light blue	

No. 169. COMET, GIANT FLOWERED, IMPROVED. These are borne on exceedingly long stems, and the flowers a great size; fine for bold decoration in vases; choice mixed, and

No. 169a. White	} 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet.
No. 169b. Light blue ...	
No. 169c. Crimson	
No. 169d. Flesh color ...	

No. 171. Ostrich Feather. Large and beautiful, with reflexed curled petals resembling an Ostrich Feather; long, fine stems; fine for cutting; choice mixed. Also the following varieties—

No. 171a. Pure white	} 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet.
No. 171b. Salmon	
No. 171c. Pink	
No. 171d. Crimson	
No. 171e. Light blue	
No. 171f. Yellow	
No. 171g. Malmaison rose	
No. 171h. Terra cotta ...	
No. 171i. Bright rose ...	

No. 172. TRIUMPH. One of the most beautiful Dwarf Asters; bright scarlet; height 7 to 8 inches **6d. and 1/- packet**

Half Hardy Annuals—(continued).

- No. 173. **BALSAM, ROSE FLOWERED.** Fine strain; sow in late Spring 6d. packet
- No. 174. **BALSAM, CAMELLIA FLOWERED.** Choice; sow in late Spring 6d. packet
- No. 175. **BRACHYCOME IBERIDIFOLIA.** (Swan River Daisy). A charming plant with Cineraria-like flowers; 6 inches; sow in Autumn or Spring 3d. packet
- No. 176. **CELOSIA. (Feathered Cockscomb). THOMSONI MAGNIFICA.** Dark, handsome foliage, with crimson feathered crests— 6d. packet
- No. 177. **CELOSIA PYRAMIDALIS.** Scarlet, crimson, and gold separate 6d. packet
- No. 178. **COCKSCOMB "GLASGOW PRIZE."** Splendid decorative plant for Rooms or Conservatory. One of the finest strains obtainable; unsurpassed for richness of color. Sow in late Spring in the open and potted up or used in Summer bedding— 6d. and 1/- packet

Dahlias.

- No. 179. **DAHLIA, SINGLE.** Finest mixed; superb for cutting 3d. packet
- No. 180. **DAHLIA.** Show and decorative varieties— 6d. packet
- No. 181. **DAHLIA CACTUS.** Varieties mixed; beautifully fluted petals; grand for cutting; intense and brilliant colors 6d. packet
- No. 182. **DAHLIA, NEW PAEONY GIANT-FLOWERED VARIETIES.** A new class of Dahlias, the flowers being large semi-double borne on long stems. The petals are twisted, curled, and irregular; the colors are pleasing, and the plants are a mass of flowers; useful for cutting 6d. packet
- No. 183. **HELICHRYSUM MONSTROSUM.** Double mixed; beautiful showy everlastings; all colors from white to crimson; excellent for Winter decoration 3d. packet

Will flower from Seed the first year if sown early in the Spring. When the young plants are two or three inches high they should be hardened off and planted out. They commence to bloom in February, and continue for a long time.

- No. 184. **Impatiens Sultani.** (Sultan's Balsam). Is a mass of rosy scarlet flowers; may be grown in pots or planted for Summer beddings 6d. packet
- No. 185. **IMPATIENS HOLSTII.** New Hybrids mixed. It forms a bushy plant 1½ to 2 feet. The colors of the large graceful flowers include brilliant scarlet, velvety violet, and pure white; being effectively set off by the dark ornamental foliage; charming plant 6d. packet
- No. 186. **KOCHIA TRICHOPHYLLA.** (Summer Cypress). Striking pyramis shape; light green, feathery foliage, deepening as season advances, until it becomes a lovely crimson; 2 feet 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 187. **LOBELIA. CRYSTAL PALACE COMPACTA.** Deep dark blue. Very dwarf and compact; the best for bedding, etc.— 6d. and 1/- packet

- No. 188. **LOBELIA. "EMPEROR WILLIAM."** Dark large flowered 6d. packet
- No. 189. **LOBELIA, "WHITE PERFECTION."** White 6d. packet
- No. 190. **LOBELIA "TENUIOR."** New; a charming species. Large blue flowers, with white centre nearly 1 inch in diameter. The plant grows about 1 foot high, and is suitable for growing in a pot or basket— 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 191. **Marigold, DWARF FRENCH.** Gold striped; extra select; 1 foot— 6d. and 1/- packet



Petunia Grandiflora
(see Next Page.)

- No. 192. **MARICOLD, TALL FRENCH.** Gold striped; extra select; 18 inches— 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 193. **MARICOLD, "AFRICAN LEMON."** Flowers of immense size; globular form; lemon color 3d. packet
- No. 194. **MARICOLD, "AFRICAN ORANGE."** Fine select strain; enormous flowers — 3d. packet
- No. 195. **MARICOLD, "LEGION OF HONOUR."** Single; for bedding 3d. packet

Foster's Half Hardy Annuals—(continued).



Scabious.

- No. 196. MESEMBRYANTHEMUM, TRICOLOR.** Crimson and white daisy like flowers—
3d. packet
- No. 197. MESEMBRYANTHEMUM CRYSTALLINUM. (Ice Plant).** Peculiar glistening foliage, with small white flowers—
3d. packet
- No. 198. MIMULUS CUPREUS GRANDIFLORUS.** Large flowered; beautifully blotched; very showy 6d. packet
- No. 199. MIMULUS TIGRINUS HYBRIDS (Mixed)** Beautiful colors and markings, saved from a renowned collection 6d. packet
- No. 200. MIMULUS MOSCHATUS. (Musk).** Usually grown in pots for rooms, etc., on account of its perfume 3d. packet
- No. 201. NICOTIANA AFFINIS (Sweet Scented Tobacco).** Pure white flowers, which emit a sweet perfume in the evening—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 202. NICOTIANA AFFINIS HYBRIDS. (See Specialities)** 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 203. NICOTIANA SANDERA. HYBRIDS.** Large flowers in delicate and striking colors; purple, snow white, pink, red,

crimson, violet, and salmon. Bushy plants covered with flowers 6d. packet

- No. 204. PORTULACA, OR SUNFLOWER, CHOICE MIXED SINGLE.** Charming plants for beds, producing an astonishing display of dazzling colors. They delight in a dry sunny situation, and are invaluable as a Bedding plant for Australian conditions—
3d. and 6d. packet

- No. 205. PORTULACA, OR SUNFLOWER, CHOICE MIXED DOUBLE.**
3d. and 6d. packet

- No. 206. Petunia, LARGE FLOWERED, SINGLE.** Saved from large flowering, beautifully striped varieties; 18 inches—
6d. and 1/- packet

- No. 207. PETUNIA, LARGE FLOWERED SINGLE FIMBRIATED.** Fringed; good form and great diversity of color—
6d. and 1/- packet

- No. 208. PETUNIA HYBRIDA SNOWBALL.** Beautiful satiny white flowers; a dwarf plant smothered with bloom—
6d. and 1/- packet

- No. 209. PETUNIA LARGE FLOWERED DOUBLE.** Splendid strain; handsome striped and blotched flowers 1/- and 1/6 packet

- No. 210. RICINUS GIBSONI (Castor Oil Plant).** Rich dark red foliage; 5 feet 3d. packet

- No. 211. RICINUS SANGUINEUS.** Deep reddish leaves 3d. packet

- No. 212. Salpiglossis GRANDIFLORA.** Giant strain; unique soft shades of color, beautifully veined and pencilled—
6d. and 1/- packet

- No. 213. SALPICLOSSIS, MIXED CHOICE COLORS** 3d. and 6d. packet

- No. 214. SCHIZANTHUS WISETONIENSIS.** Suitable for pot culture or the border. It bears a mass of dainty flowers, from almost white with a yellow eye to a full rose with bronze brown centre; the foliage is most graceful—
6d. and 1/- packet

- No. 215. SCHIZANTHUS RETUSUS.** Rose and orange, with crimson tops 3d. packet.

- No. 216. SCABIOSA, LARGE FLOWERED "AZURE FAIRY."** Rich pale blue; a great acquisition; superb for cutting.

- No. 217. SCABIOUS, LARGE FLOWERED, DOUBLE, SWEET SCABIOUS.** All the best shades 3d. and 6d. packet

Foster's Premier Strains of Large Flowered Stock Seeds grown from Pot Plants



Large Flowered Stock

FOSTER'S Seeds FOSTER Life

THE Seed received by ourselves from a renowned and careful grower will be found to be superb strains. Please note we quote the large flowered and other stocks in the best distinct colors. The strain will be found superior to that offered in collections assent out by the German growers. The seed we now offer should produce from 80 to 85% double flowers in all the most delicate and vivid colors. In selecting the plants from the seed bed, it should be remembered that the strongest and most forward of the plants are most likely to prove single flowering, and should be discarded.

No. 218. PREMIER LARGE FLOWER-ED TEN WEEK. Extra choice mixed. Pot saved seed, fine colors— 3d., 6d., and 1/- pkt.

No. 218a. Crimson	} All at 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet.
No. 218b. White	
No. 218c. Purple	
No. 218d. Yellow	
No. 218e. Brilliant rose	

No. 219. LARGE FLOWERED PYRAMIDAL. Extra choice mixed, bearing strong trusses with large flowers, some nearly 2½ inches in diameter—
6d. and 1/- packet

No. 220. LARGE FLOWERED WALL-FLOWER-LEAVED. Finest mixed 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 221. ENGLISH SAVED, TEN-WEEK, MIXED—
3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 222. LARGE FLOWERED, "PRINCESS MAY." Delicate Primrose 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 223. VERBENA. Choicest mixture of the finest show varieties, 6d. packet.

No. 224. WAITZIA AUREA. Fine, hardy everlasting flower, 6d. packet.

Foster's Superb Zinnias.

EXCELLENT PLANTS FOR BEDS AND BORDERS; the flowers are large, beautifully formed, and of varied and brilliant colors. They do well in Australia, and rejoice in deep, rich soil and brilliant sunshine. The first flowers should be pinched off, and in many cases afterwards disbudding for specimen blooms is advised. The strains will be found superior to any yet offered in Australia.

No. 226. FINEST DWARF DOUBLE. Suitable for bedding. Giant flowers in brilliant and beautiful colors from deepest scarlet to purest white.
3d., 6d., and 1/- packet.

No. 227. ROBUSTA GRANDIFLORA PLENISSIMA. DOUBLE GIANT ZINNIAS. Extra fine strain, immense flowers. In all the most attractive and unique shades.
3d., 6d., and 1/- packet.

No. 228. DWARF LILLIPUT. Miniature dwarf, for bedding in beautiful colors, shades to be found in the Zinnias only
3d, 6d, and 1/- packet.

No. 229. ZEA JAPONICA (Maize). Variegated foliage; 4 feet; splendid border plant.
3d. and 6d. packet.

THE General Interest in Gardening and Flower Culture is rapidly increasing in Australia. This Manual has been specially written for 1912, and we trust our friends will refer to it when requiring seeds, as our strains can be relied on to give entire satisfaction and pleasure to the careful and skilful cultivator. There is scarcely anything more essential to the health of the community than fresh vegetables, which to grow perfectly require liberal and careful treatment. To grow them well give attention to the details and it will repay you, whether for your own use or for sale. We can assure you that our **Premier Seeds** will do their part towards making your garden a success and a surprise to your neighbours.

THE acreage devoted to drought resisting grasses and forage plants has vastly increased of late years throughout the Commonwealth, and we are pleased to say that we have had the honor of catering for a large proportion of this increase.

Owing to the enormous export of butter during the last 10 years the dairy farmers have come to recognise the importance of growing fodder to keep up a consistent supply of milk.

We have enumerated and described all the most valuable grasses in this Manual, quoting the lowest prices available in every instance, and we can assure our friends, ordering by wire or urgently without quotation, that they will be charged the lowest current prices only, as we wish to induce further business, and to retain their valued confidence.

Foster's Choice Dwarf Annuals

For Ribbon Borders or Massing, sow in the open ground in Autumn or Spring, preferably March, April, August and September. Do not allow the plants to spoil each other by being too thick.

- No. 230. **ACERATUM.** Imperial dwarf blue; 6 inches; useful edging plant; striking shade of blue 3d. packet
- No. 231. **ALYSSUM ODORATUM.** Sweet Alyssum; 6 inches 3d. packet
- No. 232. **ANACALLIS COCCINEA.** (The Scarlet Pimpernel). Valuable for edging, rock-work, or vases 3d. packet
- No. 233. **CANDYTUFT,** in all the following shades—dark crimson, purple, white, new rose, white rocket, white spiral 3d. packet
- No. 234. **CANDYTUFT, CHOICE MIXED.**—
3d. packet
- No. 235. **CUPHEA MINIATA.** Flowers deep scarlet; 6 inches; dwarf, abundant bloomer—
6d. packet
- No. 236. **LEPTOSIPHON FRENCH HYBRIDS.** Very showy and free blooming; useful to rock-work, etc.; brilliant and varied colors—
3d. packet
- No. 237. **LIMNANTHES DOUGLASI.** White and yellow; 1 foot 3d. packet
- No. 238. **LINUM GRANDIFLORUM RUBRUM.** Glowing crimson; very showy; 1 foot—
3d. packet
- No. 239. **KAULFUSSIA AMELLOIDES.** Azure blue; 6 inches 3d. packet
- No. 240. **LINARIA RETICULATA.** Showy; crimson yellow flowers; fine for rockery; 9 inches 3d. packet
- No. 241. **LINARIA MAROCCANA EXCELSIOR.** This new strain includes all shades, including dark violet, light blue, dark crimson, pink, and fine yellow; 12 inches—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 242. **LUPINUS.** Annual varieties, suitable for bedding; mixed, scarlet, white, lilac, rose, and blue 3d. packet
- No. 243. **Nasturtium, Tom Thumb.** Mixed; all the best colors 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 244. **NASTURTIIUM, TOM THUMB, "EM-PRESS OF INDIA."** Dark crimson; very dark foliage 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 245. **NASTURTIIUM, TOM THUMB, GOLDEN KING.** Fine bright yellow flower—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 246. **NASTURTIIUM, KING OF TOM THUMBS.** Deep scarlet; dark foliage—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 247. **NASTURTIIUM, TOM THUMB, CLOTH OF GOLD.** Golden foliage; scarlet flower
3d. and 6d. packet

- No. 248. **NASTURTIIUM, QUEEN OF TOM THUMBS.** New silver variegated foliage, flowers of rich bright crimson, which give a pretty contrast to the silver foliage; useful for bedding or pot plants; very compact.
6d. packet
- No. 249. **NASTURTIIUM, TOM THUMB, PEARL.** Creamy white 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 250. **NASTURTIIUM, TOM THUMB, KING THEODORE.** Blackish crimson; dark foliage 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 251. **NASTURTIIUM, TOM THUMB, SCARLET** 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 252. **NASTURTIIUM, TOM THUMB, YELLOW** 3d. and 6d. packet



Marigold.

- No. 253. **NEMESIA STRUMOSA SUTTONI.** A most distinct and beautiful Annual, the colors range from white to pale yellow, orange, scarlet, crimson, and purple. The seed should be sown in Autumn and planted out in Spring where required. Looks well massed in a bed, and the plants last a long time in flower 6d. packet
- No. 254. **NEMOPHILA INSIGNIS.** Blue, with white centres; 6 inches 3d. packet
- No. 255. **NEMOPHILA MACULATA.** White, blotched violet; 6 inches 3d. packet
- No. 256. **NOLANA, CHOICE MIXED.** Suitable for rockwork or baskets; flowers somewhat like the Convolvulus; 6 inches—
3d. packet
- No. 257. **SAPONARIA CALABRICA.** Bright red; suitable for edging or massing; 6 inches—
3d. packet
- No. 258. **SAPONARIA CALABRICA ALBA.** White.
3d. packet
- No. 259. **STOCK, VIRGINIAN.** Mixed colors; 6 inches 3d. packet, 8d. ounce
- No. 260. **STOCK, VIRGINIAN, PURE WHITE**—
3d. packet
- No. 261. **STOCK VIRGINIAN, CRIMSON KING.** Richer in color and superior in every way to the ordinary red variety 3d. packet
- No. 262. **WHITLAVIA GRANDIFLORA.** Very showy, purple flowers; 6 inches—
3d. packet

Foster's Hardy Biennials

Sow in March and April to make an early display in the Spring. They may be also sown in August and September, but Autumn is preferable. The seeds should be sown in rows in small raised beds of light soil composed of loam and leaf mould with a little sand. Small seeds should be only lightly covered, larger ones requiring more in proportion to their size. The danger of sowing seeds in the open is that the soil occasionally becomes dry at a critical stage in the germination of the seed, with the result that the young plants do not appear. In order to prevent this it is desirable to shade the beds and to water carefully. Keep the beds free from weeds and slugs, and if necessary thin the plants. In this way they may grow until strong enough for planting out as and when required.

Raising the plants in shallow pans or chocolate boxes avoids the risk of slugs, etc. A cold frame is a good place in which to stand the pans, keeping them shaded and the soil moist until the seedlings appear, when they should have a light position near the glass and a greater supply of air to prevent their becoming drawn or damping off. When the plants have made their true or second leaves, they should be transplanted into other pans or nursery beds 2 or 3 inches apart. Biennial plants, seed sown this year will produce plants which will flower and seed and die the next.

No. 263. Antirrhinum (Snapdragon). Are valuable and attractive for Spring and Summer bedding.



Carnation Marguerite.



Sweet William.

No. 264. ANTIRRHINUM, MAJUS. Mixed; including all the best colors; 2 feet—
3d. packet

No. 265. ANTIRRHINUM, TALL PURE WHITE. Superb for cutting in early Summer—
6d. packet

No. 266. ANTIRRHINUM, TOM THUMB. All 6 to 9 inches—

No. 266a. Crimson	} 3d. packet.
No. 266b. Yellow	
No. 266c. White	
No. 266d. Scarlet	

No. 267. CANTERBURY BELLS. Very showy, especially the rose colored—

No. 267a. White, single	} 3d. and 6d. packet.
No. 267b. Rose, single	
No. 267c. Purple, single	
No. 267d. Double, mixed	

No. 268. CLIANTHUS DAMPIERI (Sturt's Desert Pea). A native of Western Australia, very showy; brilliant scarlet, with intense black spot in centre of the flower. Sow in Spring in a warm, dry situation, to flower; it does not transplant well. Soak the seeds in hot water before sowing 6d. packet

Foster's Hardy Biennials—(continued).

- No. 269. Dianthus.** Beautiful flowers; remarkable for their brilliancy and diversity of color. Our climate suits them well, and they bloom the entire season. When the plants run to seed cut them down and they will spring up from the roots, and may be transplanted at pleasure, and will last for years.
- No. 270. DIANTHUS CHINENSIS, INDIAN PINK.** Double mixed 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 271. DIANTHUS HEDDEWICI.** Single; choice mixed; 1 foot 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 272. DIANTHUS, HEDDEWICI DIADEMATUS (Diadem Pink).** Double; very fine; 1 foot 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 273. DIANTHUS HEDDEWICI LACINIATUS.** Single, mixed, fringed .. 3d. and 6d. pkt.
- No. 274. DIANTHUS HEDDEWICI NOBILIS, MIXED (Royal Pink).** The flowers are large, 3 or 4 inches in diameter; frilled and fringed; a deep red shading to carmine, and red; dark foliage 3d. and 6d. packet

- No. 275. DIANTHUS HEDDEWICI LACINIATUS (Snowdrift).** Large, deeply fringed, double white, a striking and beautiful plant of vigorous growth 6d. packet
- No. 276. DIANTHUS HEDDEWICI, DOUBLE HYBRIDS.** Mixed; very fine, all the best and newest varieties 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 277. DIANTHUS IMPERIALIS (Double Imperial Pink).** Showy variety; mixed colors— 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 278. DIANTHUS PLUMARIS, NANUS FL. PL.** Producing great variety of color; very early and free blooming; very fragrant; 1 foot 6d. packet
- No. 279. HONESTY.** Mixed purple and white; 18 inches. The seed pods are much used for Winter decoration 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 280. POLYANTHUS.** Finest mixed; large flowered; in all the most attractive colors— 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 281. POLYANTHUS, GOLD LACED.** Saved from a renowned collection— 6d. and 1/- packet



PANSY—Giant Strain.

PANSY.

Sow in boxes or frames in January, February and March, and prick out when large enough to handle, 2 inches apart, and keep them well watered in a sheltered position until planted out into permanent beds, 9 inches apart. The plants will commence to flower in August; give them shade and water, and Manure in solution as soon as the buds are noticed. The strains quoted below are such as are seldom met with, and will well repay any time or skill bestowed on their culture.

- No. 282. PANSY, "PREMIER" STRAIN.** Show and fancy mixed, containing all the best British and Continental sorts, every beautiful color imaginable. Many of the flowers are more than 3 inches across— 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 283. PANSY, "TRIMARDEAU GIANT."** Very showy; of vigorous and compact growth; flowers of enormous size— 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 284. PANSY "MASTERPIECE."** A new type; the border of every petal conspicuously curled and waved. The flowers are large, and have a rounder appearance than other varieties— 6d. and 1/- packet

Foster's Hardy Biennials—(continued).



Single Wallflower. "Vulcan."

- No. 285. PANSY, "NE PLUS ULTRA."** A most showy mixture, containing blotched and giant varieties in greatest proportion. The best strain for florists .. 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 286. PANSY, "CASSIERS LARGE FLOWER-ED BLOTCHED."** The largest flowered blotched Pansy; in rich and varied colors— 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 287. PANSY, "VICTORIA OR WALLFLOWER COLORED."** This strain includes all the shades of bronze and crimson characteristic of the Wallflower, and many of the blooms are beautifully laced with bright yellow— 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 288. WHITE BEDDING PANSY, "SNOW QUEEN"** 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 289. BLUE BEDDING PANSY, "EMPEROR WILLIAM"** 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 290. YELLOW BEDDING PANSY, "YELLOW GEM"** 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 291. Stock, "BROMPTON or WINTER."

Finest mixed 3d., 6d. and 1/- packet

Sow in Autumn for Spring Blooming, large spikes of brilliant double flowers in all the best and most pleasing colors, and sweetly perfumed.

STOCK "NEW EARLY FLOWERING BROMPTON OR NICE VARIETIES." Particularly adapted for Australia. Sown in Autumn they flower very early in Spring; the blooms are long and strong, and deliciously fragrant.

No. 292. BEAUTY OF NICE. Lovely blush pink— 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 293. QUEEN ALEXANDRA. Rosy pink— 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 294. SOLIEL DE NICE. Purest sulphur yellow 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 295. SNOW WHITE. Superb— 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 296. CHOICE MIXED EARLY FLOWERING BROMPTON 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 297. SWEET WILLIAM, "DEAN'S AURICULA-EYED." A grand strain, with many beautiful shades, and a clearly defined eye— 3d. and 6d. packet

No. 298. SWEET WILLIAM, CHOICE MIXED. Very fine; mostly dark shades— 3d. and 6d. packet

No. 299. VIOLA CORNUTA. Very pretty graceful viola, borne on long stems, suitable for ribbon borders; white, purple, and yellow separate 3d. and 6d. packet

No. 300. Wallflower, DOUBLE GERMAN. A grand dwarf, vigorous strain of close double spikes; very fragrant flowers. This strain is extra fine 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 301. WALLFLOWER, "VULCAN." A magnificent strain of Single Wallflower, 9 inches high; the flowers average 2 inches in diameter; color the richest velvety crimson; the finest of all dark Wallflowers— 3d. and 6d. packet

No. 302. WALLFLOWER HARBINGER. Dark; very early 3d. and 6d. packet, 1/- oz.

No. 303. WALLFLOWER, "CLOTH OF GOLD." Dwarf; bright yellow with large flowers— 3d. and 6d. packet

No. 304. WALLFLOWER, DWARF BUSH. Specialities 6d. and 1/- packet

FOSTER'S

Hardy Herbaceous Flowers

(Perennials) from Seed.

Sow in March and April, or August and September in seed beds, and transplant to permanent position as required. For hints as to raising see page 47. Perennials grow and flower for several years, usually blooming the second year from seed. With ordinary care and patience, beautiful flowers can be raised from the following seeds, to brighten the garden the year through:—

- No. 305. Aquilegia (COLUMBINE).** These are most elegant plants, and invaluable for cut flowers. They like a moist situation with plenty of sun. The long-spurred varieties are indeed beautiful and unique.
- No. 306. AQUILEGIA CALIFORNICA HYBRIDA.** Central petal golden yellow, spurs deep orange red; 2 feet 6d. packet
- No. 307. AQUILEGIA CHRYSANTHA.** Pale yellow, variegated foliage; 2 feet—6d. packet
- No. 308. AQUILEGIA LONG SPURRED VARIETIES.** Mrs. Scott Elliott's, choice strain. 1/- and 1/6 packet
- No. 309. ACHILLEA PTARMICA.** Pure white, double flowers; 2 feet 6d. packet
- No. 310. AGATHEA COELESTIS.** Charming Aster-like flowers, blue with yellow centre; 18 ins. 6d. packet
- No. 311. ALYSSUM SAXATILE COMPACTUM.** Golden; very bright yellow; 6 inches; spring flowers 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 312. ANCHUSA ITALICA.** Spikes of bright blue flowers; 2 feet 3d. packet
- No. 313. ANEMONE CORONARIA.** Choice mixed, single 6d. packet
- No. 314. ANEMONE CORONARIA ST. BRIGID.** (Irish Giant Anemone). Large flowers; various colors 6d. packet
- No. 315. ARABIS ALPINA.** For edging or rock-work; producing masses of white bloom— 3d. packet
- No. 316. AUBRIETIA GRAECA.** Lilac; very pretty; will grow anywhere except under trees; 6 inches 6d. packet
- No. 317. AURICULA MIXED ALPINE.** Saved from a fine collection .. 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 318. BELLIS PERENNIS, FL. PL. DOUBLE DAISY.** Mixed 6d. packet
- No. 319. BELLIS PERENNIS "LONCFELLOW."** Deep Pink 6d. packet



Aquilegia, Long Spurred Hybrids.

- No. 320. BELLIS PERENNIS "SNOWBALL."** Pure white 6d. packet
- No. 321. CAMPANULA PYRAMIDALIS.** 4 feet; blue and white mixed; fine plants; very striking 6d. packet
- No. 322. CAMPANULA CARPATICA.** Blue and white; 6 inches; pretty compact border plant 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 323. CANNA CROZY'S NEW DWARF HYBRIDS.** Large flowered, choice; handsome exotic looking foliage; hardy— 6d. and 1/- packet

Foster's Hardy Herbaceous Flowers—(continued).

- No. 324. Carnations, CHOICE BORDER.** Mixed, will produce the best double flowers, including Bizarres, fancy, and self colors. 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 325. CARNATIONS, "GERMANIA."** The finest of all the yellow selfs— 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 326. CARNATIONS, "GRENADIN."** Dwarf early and compact; brilliant scarlet flowers. 6d. and 1/- packet



Carnations

- No. 327. CARNATIONS, PERPETUAL MIXED. (American Tree Varieties).** Saved from a renowned collection of all the best named varieties 1/- packet
- No. 328. CARNATIONS MARQUERITA.** Double; beautifully fringed, scented, and various shades of color. Will flower the first year from seed 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 329. CATANANCHE COERULEA.** Blue and white; 2 feet 3d. packet
- No. 330. CENTAUREA CANDIDISSIMA.** Fine silvery foliage; useful for bedding— 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 331. CHELONE BARBATA, NEW HYBRIDS.** Pretty Pentstemon-like flowers. 6d. packet
- No. 332. CINERARIA MARITIMA CANDIDISSIMA.** Pretty ornamental, silver-leaved plant 6d. packet
- No. 333. COMMELINA COELESTIS.** Tuberous rooted; bright blue flowers 6d. packet
- No. 334. Delphinium.** One of the most striking Herbaceous plants, both as regards flower and foliage, mixed. 6d. packet
- No. 335. DELPHINIUM CASHMERIANUM.** Dark; large spike; 18 inches 6d. packet
- No. 336. DELPHINIUM FORMOSUM COELESTINUM.** Light blue; very fine— 6d. packet
- No. 337. DELPHINIUM ZALIL.** Clear sulphur yellow flowers; 3 feet 6d. and 1/- pkt.
- No. 338. DELPHINIUM, EXTRA CHOICE MIXED** Saved from a splendid collection of named varieties, single and double. We can with confidence recommend it .. 6d. and 1/- pkt.
- No. 339. FORGET-ME-NOT (Myosotis Alpestris).** Will do in a moist shady border; sow in Autumn 6d. packet
- No. 340. MYOSOTIS DISSITIFLORA.** Blue large flowers; the earliest to bloom— 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 341. DIGITALIS SUPERBA (FOXGLOVE).** Beautifully spotted; splendid strain; all colors; 4 feet 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 342. DIGITALIS, WHITE.** 4 feet— 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 343. FRANCOA RAMOSA HYBRIDA (Bridal Wreath).** Throws long elegant sprays of white flowers; very graceful and showy— 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 344. GENTIANA ACAULIS.** Large tubular intense blue flowers 6d. packet
- No. 345. GERBERA JAMESONI HYBRIDA.** See Specialities 1/- and 1/6 packet
- No. 346. GEUM ATRO SANGUINEUM.** Double scarlet flowers; beautiful for bouquets— 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 347. GYPSOPHILA PANICULATA.** White; a charming plant; most useful for cutting, especially for mixing with Sweet Peas, or Bouquets; the plant forms roots like a Parsnip, which if transplanted in Winter on good ground will flower better— 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 348. HELIOTROPE. (Cherry Pie).** Charming sweet-scented flowers produced all the year round 3d. and 6d. packet

Foster's Hardy Herbaceous Flowers—(continued).



Phlox Herbaceous.

- No. 349. **HELIOTROPE, "QUEEN MARGUERITE."** Deep, dark blue flowers; richly perfumed 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 350. **HEUCHERA SANGUINEA.** Beautiful coral red flowers; 18 inches—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 351. **Gaillardias.** Beautiful showy border plant; large flowers borne on long strong stems; fine for table decorations—
- No. 352. **CAILLARDIA, NEW PERENNIAL HYBRIDS.** Saved from the best and largest flowered varieties 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 353. **CAILLARDIA GRANDIFLORA.** Large single yellow flowers with crimson centre; long stout stems; very fine—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 354. **HUMEA ELEGANS.** Graceful sweet scented plant, producing feathery flowers of ruby red; 4 feet 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 355. **Hollyhocks, FINEST DOUBLE MIXED.** From a celebrated collection. This strain will produce 80 per cent. double flowers, in nearly all shades of color, both delicate and vivid; 6 feet—
6d. and 1/- packet
Anyone wishing to propagate Hollyhocks by division or cuttings should secure this strain.

- No. 356. **INCARVILLEA DELAVAYI.** The flowers resemble the Gloxinia in shape; rosy carmine color spotted with yellow; the throat is brown—
6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 357. **LOTUS PELIORRHYNCHUS (Pigeon's Beak).** A beautiful trailing plant producing bright red flowers like Clianthus, but smaller. Very effective and useful for Rockwork or hanging baskets.
6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 358. **LUPINUS ARBOREUS "SNOW QUEEN."** A giant variety covered with spikes of pure white flowers, making a very striking plant 6d. packet
- No. 359. **LUPINUS POLYPHYLLUS.** Immense spikes of bloom; very showy; mixed colors; fine for cutting 6d. packet
- No. 360. **LYCHNIS CHALCEDONICA.** Scarlet flowered; very showy; good for cutting ... 3d. and 6d. pkt.
- No. 361. **LYCHNIS HAACEANA.** Mixed hybrids. All shades of red; 2 feet—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 362. **LOBELIA CARDINALIS "QUEEN VICTORIA."** The leaves are dark, purplish crimson; flowers most brilliant scarlet—
6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 363. **MARVEL OF PERU.** Will bloom the first year; white, crimson, yellow mixed—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 364. **NIEREMBERGIA GRACILIS.** Lilac and white flowers; 18 inches; very pretty for rockwork or borders—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 365. **PENTSTEMON, LARGE FLOWERED HYBRIDS.** All the best shades, pure white, scarlet, crimson, purple 6d. packet
- No. 366. **PHLOX, PERENNIAL or HERBACEOUS;** from the choicest varieties. (See Illustration.)—
1/- packet



Gaillardia.

Foster's Hardy Herbaceous Flowers—(continued).

- No. 367. PHYSALIS FRANCHETI.** 2 feet; sturdy erect habit. Shining orange red Calyxes enclosing cherry like fruit of same color. The striking color of the seed pods makes it very valuable for all kinds of decoration—
6d. packet
- No. 368. POTENTILLA, DOUBLE MIXED.** Handsome plants for mixed borders, rockwork, etc.; foliage like the strawberry—
6d. packet
- No. 369. Poppy, "ICELAND."** Showy, bright yellow flowers 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 370. POPPY, "ICELAND" ALBUM.** Pure white 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 371. POPPY, "ICFLAND" MINIATUM.** Orange scarlet 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 372. POPPY, "ICELAND" MIXED—**
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 373. POPPY, "ICELAND" NEW EXCELSIOR STRAIN.** See Specialities—
6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 374. POPPY BRACTEATUM.** Deep crimson; enormous flowers 6d. packet
- No. 375. POPPY ORIENTALE.** Large orange scarlet, with black centre; very effective for Herbaceous border 3d. packet



Hybrid Perennial Poppy

- No. 376. PYRETHRUM AUREUM SELAGINOIDES. (Golden Feather).** Golden yellow foliage for bedding; bright contrast to Lobelia; 6 inches 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 377. PYRETHRUM HYBRIDUM.** Finest mixed single 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 378. PYRETHRUM HYBRIDUM.** Finest mixed double varieties 1/- packet
- No. 379. PRIMROSE, "DEAN'S HYBRID."** Rich and varied colors; very showy—
6d. and 1/- packet

- No. 380. PRIMROSE YELLOW.** Common yellow Primrose 6d. packet
- No. 381. VERBASCUM PHOENICEUM.** 3 feet; bears long spikes of various colored flowers. An imposing border plant—
6d. packet
- No. 382. VIOLET. (Sweet Violet).**—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 383. VIOLET ODORATA, "THE CZAR."** The largest flowered violet .. 3d. and 6d. packet



Pentstemon

- No. 384. PRIMULA JAPONICA.** Choice mixed; Queen of Primroses; rich and striking colors 6d. packet
- No. 385. SALVIA SPLENDID "PRIDE OF ZURICH."** Dwarf compact plant, producing brilliant scarlet flowers in abundance; very showy and early .. 6d. and 1/- packet
- No. 386. SALVIA PATENS.** Bright blue—
3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 387. SAPONARIA OCYMOIDES.** Pretty pink flowers; trailing habit .. 3d. and 6d. packet
- No. 388. SCABIOSA JAPONICA.** Producing immense spikes of beautiful mauve flowers on strong stems; 18 inches long; height 3 feet 6d. packet
- No. 389. STATICE SUWOROWI. (Sea Lavender).** Very attractive everlasting grass-like flowers. Last a long time in bloom, and when dried much used for Winter decoration; 1 foot 6d. packet
- No. 390. STATICE LATIFOLIA.** Blue; beautiful contrast in bouquets 6d. packet

Foster's Choice Seeds

**Sow in January and February, also
August and September.**

MOST of the seeds are very minute and should be carefully handled. Sow in pots or seed pans; with compost 2 parts good loam, 1 part fine leaf mould, and 1 part sand. Make the soil fairly firm, and sow the seed evenly on the surface. Do not cover the finer seeds with soil but place a sheet of glass over it. Should the soil become dry, submerge the pan to the rim in water, and wait till it gradually rises in the soil from the base. The glass referred to should be turned or wiped dry every morning. When the seed leaf appears, prick off all the young plants into boxes 2 to 3 inches apart, and shift into pots as growth progresses. These hints apply to very fine seeds; the larger seeds must necessarily be covered with soil.

**To be
Raised
Under
Glass
(in heat)
and Grown
on for Pot
Culture.**

No. 391. ABUTILON CHOICE HYBRIDS. Pretty flowering shrubs, with showy bell-like flowers 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 392. ASPARACUS PLUMOSUS NANUS. Useful decorative plant; much used by florists for bouquets and table decoration—
6d. and 1/- packet

No. 393. ASPARACUS SPRENCERI. Suitable for hanging baskets and sprays for decorating
6d. and 1/- packet

No. 394. BEGONIA, TUBEROUS ROOTED, SINGLE. Saved from the finest named sorts 6d. and 1/- packet

No. 395. BEGONIA, CHOICE DOUBLE FLOWER-ED VARIETIES. Very select—
1/- packet

No. 396. BORONIA MEGASTIGNIA. Sweet scented
6d. packet

No. 397. Calceolaria HYBRIDA GRANDIFLORA. Saved from a collection of unsurpassed richness and variety of color. The plants should be grown slowly in cool shaded frames 1/- and 1/6 packet

No. 398. Cineraria HYBRIDA GRANDIFLORA.

Large flowered; prize strain; beautifully marked; rich and brilliant colors, making dwarf decorative plants—

1/6 and 2/6 packet

No. 399. CINERARIA GRANDIFLORA RADIATA. Very pretty; flowers fluted and twisted, and in charming colors 1/- and 1/6 packet

No. 400. CINERARIA HYBRIDA STELLATA. The plant has a graceful and free habit, with an abundance of small star-shaped flowers of pleasing varied colors; valuable for decoration. 1/- and 1/6 packet

Sow the seed in pans in early Autumn for Winter and Spring blooming.

No. 401. COLEUS. Sow under glass in early Spring; beautiful ornamental foliage plants. They grow rapidly, and soon make nice plants for decoration.

No. 402. COLEUS, NEW LARGE LEAVED VARI-ETIES. Carefully re-selected strain will produce splendid variety of beautiful foliage 1/- packet

Foster's Choice Seeds—(continued).

Cyclamen. Sow the seed from March to August, in well drained pots or pans, in light, rich, sandy soil. When the seedlings are strong enough, pot in 3 inch pots and place in cold frame, giving plenty of air, and keep close to the glass to prevent being drawn. Rest the bulbs from November to January, starting them in 4 or 5 inch pots for flowering in Winter and Spring.

No. 403. CYCLAMEN PERSICUM GIGANTEUM.
Mixed; for size and brilliant colors and substance of bloom, this strain is unsurpassed 1/6 packet

No. 404. CYCLAMEN, BUSH HILL PIONEER.
Mixed; new feathered Cyclamen of great substance, with a distinct crest or feather of same color on the face of each petal—
1/6 packet

Gloxinia. Seed may be sown at any time throughout the year, but preferably in very early Spring, so that the plants may become established during the cool weather. Pot the seedlings in 3 inch pots when large enough to handle, and shift into larger as required. Gloxinias require cool treatment; an ordinary frame close to the glass, giving shade and air.

GLOXINIA, CHOICE MIXED HYBRIDS. Saved from a famous collection of erect flowering varieties; the flowers are immense and the most brilliant colors—
1/- and 1/6 packet

Primula. Sow in Summer and Autumn in a well drained pot or seed pan, filled to within half an inch of the top with sifted leaf mould, and sprinkle the seeds thinly upon it. Place in heat shaded from strong light, water gently when soil becomes dry; the seeds will germinate in about 14 days. Pot in small pots when the young plants are about 2 inches high, and place near the glass in frame.

No. 406. PRIMULAS SINENSIS FIMBRIATA.
Choicest mixed; saved from a renowned English collection of large and beautifully fringed flowers; colors brilliant and well defined 1/- and 1/6 packet

No. 407. PRIMULAS SINENSIS ALBA MAGNIFICA. Large white, with yellow eye; showy plant 1/- and 1/6 packet

No. 408. PRIMULAS SINENSIS "METEOR." Intense rich crimson, beautifully fringed; fine form and substance ... 1/- and 1/6 packet

No. 409. PRIMULAS SINENSIS RUBRA. Intense rich scarlet; fringed, and of great substance 1/- and 1/6 packet

No. 410. PRIMULAS SINENSIS, FERN LEAVED.
Choice mixed; the foliage is longer, and prettily serrated at the edges—
1/6 packet

No. 411. PRIMULAS SINENSIS, FINEST DOUBLE. Mixed colors 1/6 packet

No. 412. PRIMULAS SINENSIS STELLATA, MIXED (The Star Primula). Very free flowering; beautiful clusters of star-like flowers of the most delicate shades—
1/- and 1/6 packet

No. 413. PRIMULA OBCONICA, GRANDIFLORA HYBRIDS. Most useful and decorative plants, bearing trusses of flowers varying from rose to lilac and velvet .. 1/6 packet

No. 414. TORENIA FORNIERI. Very pretty; the plants are covered with a profusion of purple and white flowers all through the Summer 6d. packet

No. 415. STREPTOCARPUS. Highly decorative plants of dwarf habit; remarkable for the continuous succession in which the flowers are produced; 1 foot 1/- packet

FOSTER'S

Climbing & Trailing Plants

Annuals.

- No. 416. **ABRONIA UMBELLATA.** Charming trailing plant for hanging basket—**6d.** packet
- No. 417. **CONVOLVULUS MAJOR.** Handsome climber; indispensable for verandahs, trellises, etc. **3d.** and **6d.** packet
- No. 419. **COBÆA SCANDENS.** Charming climber, purple flowers. (See Illustration).—**6d.** packet
- No. 420. **CONVOLVULUS, IMPERIAL JAPANESE.** Enormous flowers with innumerable markings and shadings. Mixed—**6d.** packet
- No. 421. **HUMULUS JAPONICUS.** Very quick growing hop; suitable for verandahs and trellis work **6d.** packet
- No. 422. **HUMULUS JAPONICUS VARIEGATA.** Beautiful variegated leaves of silver white to dark green; some striped and blotched—**6d.** packet
- No. 423. **IPOMOEIA (Heavenly Blue).** Sky blue with a glow of yellow deep in the throat; strong quick grower **6d.** packet
- No. 424. **MINA LOBATA.** A charming and luxuriant climber, growing in long racemes. The buds are at first of a violet red, but turn to orange yellow, and when fully expanded are creamy white; the plants grow to 20 feet high **6d.** packet
- No. 425. **NASTURTIIUM.** Tall mixed—**3d.** and **6d.** packet, **8d.** oz.
- No. 426. **NASTURTIIUM, TALL VARIEGATED LEAVED.** Foliage is variegated yellow white and green, in striking contrast to the colored flowers **6d.** packet
- No. 427. **THUNBERGIA, MIXED.** A handsome climber which thrives well in a sunny situation. The slender twining stems should be provided with a few light sticks to climb upon **6d.** packet

For Rockwork, or Hanging
Baskets, or Covering
Unightly Objects



Sow in March or April,
August or September.



Coboea Scandens

Perennials.

- No. 428. **CAMPANULA FRAGILIS.** Blue; very pretty for rockery or hanging baskets—**6d.** packet
- No. 429. **TAXONIA, "VAN VOLXEMI."** A well-known quick growing climber, with bright scarlet flowers **1/-** packet
- No. 430. **CENTROSEMA GRANDIFLORA (Butterfly Pea).** Produces large clusters of inverted pea-shaped flowers of rosy violet to reddish purple color **6d.** packet

Foster's Climbing and Trailing Plants—(continued).

Perennials (continued).

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|--|---|
| <p>No. 431. ECCREMOCARPUS SCABER. Splendid climber; valuable for trellis work; orange colored flowers 6d. packet</p> <p>No. 432. IPOMOEAE, LEARI. A very free grower and rapid climber; flowers bright blue—
..... 6d. packet</p> <p>No. 433. LOPHUS PERNUM SCANDENS. A fine climber with foxglove-like flower of rosy purple color 6d. packet</p> <p>No. 434. MANDEVILEA SUAVEOLENS. A vigorous growing climber with beautiful white trumpet-shaped flowers 6d. packet</p> <p>No. 435. MAURANDIA (Mixed). Very graceful climbers, with dense foliage and masses of flowers suspended in clusters—
..... 3d. and 6d. packet</p> | <p>No. 436. MEDEOLA ASPARAGOIDES (Smilax). Produces long graceful leafy stems; splendid for hanging baskets and table decoration 6d. and 1/- packet</p> <p>No. 437. PASSIFLORA COERULEA, GRANDIFLORA. Pretty blue and white flowers—
..... 6d. packet</p> <p>No. 438. PEA, EVERLASTING WHITE 6d. packet</p> <p>No. 439. PEA, EVERLASTING RED— 3d. packet</p> <p>No. 440. TROPÆLUM CANARIENSIS (Canary Creeper). Pretty yellow butterfly flowers; very showy 3d. and 6d. packet, 1/- oz.</p> <p>No. 441. SOLANUM SEAFORTHIANUM. During the summer is covered with hundreds of clusters of large lavender blue flowers; very showy. 6d. packet</p> |
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Ornamental Grasses

Sow in clumps thinly during the Autumn.

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|---|---|
| <p>No. 442. ACROSTIS NEBULOSA. Very pretty; suitable for bouquets and vases—
..... 3d. packet</p> <p>No. 443. ACROSTIS PULCHELLA. A splendid variety for bouquets 3d. packet</p> <p>No. 444. AVENA STERILIS. Animated Oats; 2 to 3 feet 3d. packet</p> <p>No. 445. BRIZA GRACILIS. Small quaking grass
..... 3d. packet</p> <p>No. 446. COIX LACHRYMA (Job's Tears). Valuable in making Winter Bouquets with Everlasting flowers 3d. packet</p> | <p>No. 447. ERAGROSTIS ELEGANS (Love Grass). Very pretty, light grass 3d. packet</p> <p>No. 448. EULALIA JAPONICA. Magnificent giant grass; very showy 3d. packet</p> <p>No. 449. CYNERIUM ARGENTIUM (Pampas Grass). Bears handsome white plumes, much used in decoration 3d. packet</p> <p>No. 450. LAGURUS OVATUS (Hare's Tail Grass). Very useful grass for any kind of decoration 3d. packet</p> <p>No. 451. STIPA PENNATA (Feather Grass). Very attractive and ornamental grass; 2 feet 3d. packet</p> |
|---|---|



Foster's Seeds Foster Life



Tuberous-Rooted Begonias

These plants are now generally admitted to be unequalled for brilliancy and effectiveness, both for greenhouse and beds. For bedding they are superior to Geraniums, the foliage being so rich and attractive, and they continue in bloom throughout the Summer and late into the Autumn. The individual blooms are of immense size and the colors range from intense dark crimson, scarlet salmon, yellow, and purest white.

No. 452. EXTRA SELECTED BULBS, SINGLE FLOWERED FOR POT CULTURE—
1/- each, 9/- dozen

No. 453. SINGLE FLOWERED BULBS. Suitable for growing in pots for greenhouse or conservatory; a mixture of beautiful colors—
7/- dozen, 40/- 100.

No. 454. SINGLES, FOR BEDDING. Mixed; including all the most striking colors; strong flowering bulbs :..... 4/6 dozen, 30/- 100

No. 455. CHOICE DOUBLE FLOWERED VARIETIES. Mixed; a grand selection; brilliantly decorative for conservatory—
1/3 each, 12/- dozen

Gladioli

May be planted any time during the Autumn. For beauty and variety of coloring, the Gladioli stands unique, and will do well in any part of Australia.



Gladiolus Colvilli Alba

Early Flowering Varieties.

These are very easily grown, planted in tumps they are very showy and attractive in the borders. They are superb for cutting as they last a long time in water, and have long since become an important and lucrative Florist Flower.

No. 456. COLVILLI ALBA (The Bride). Pure white
3/- per 100, 6d. dozen

No. 457. PEACH BLOSSOM. Beautiful soft rose.
6/- per 100, 1/- dozen

No. 458. QUEEN VICTORIA. Brilliant scarlet flaked white :..... 7/6 per 100, 1/3 dozen

No. 459. ROSY GEM. Delicate rosy pink—
6/- per 100, 1/- dozen

No. 460. SALMON QUEEN. Salmon pink—
6/- per 100, 1/- dozen

No. 461. GLADIOLI BRENCHLEYENSIS. Brilliant scarlet; extra large bulbs—
5/- per 100, 9d. dozen

No. 462. CHILDSII. A decided advance in Gladioli, in size of spike, bloom, and vigor being beautifully marked and showy, and some of the most delicate colors—
10/- per 100, 1/6 dozen

No. 463. HYBRIDS OF CANDAVENSIS. Finest mixed from named varieties. These are extra good for bedding or massing—
7/- per 100, 1/- dozen

No. 464. LEMOINES HYBRIDS. Choice mixed. The colors are very fine, which are distinguished by blotches on the lower petals.
7/- per 100; 1/- dozen

Hints on Sowing Grasses and Clovers for Permanent Pasture.

In laying down land for a permanent pasture, it is essential that the ground should be got into thoroughly good, clean condition to ensure success. The quantity of time, trouble, or expense in doing this will be more than repaid by the extra years the pasture will retain its value. It is advisable to secure the best possible seed free from noxious weeds, and to have them specially mixed to suit your soil and locality. Local and hereditary information should be utilised in selecting the grasses that thrive best, and special prominence should be given to those that are indigenous. For economy sake, some people include large quantities of Rye Grass in their permanent pastures, but whilst not wishing to adversely criticise this, we cannot see the advisability of utilising the valuable space with large quantities of coarse growing Rye Grasses, which will only remain there for two or three years, and during that time absorb the moisture and check the growth of the finer and more valuable varieties. We strongly recommend the inclusion of White Clover in all mixtures, as this is fast becoming established in a good many parts of the Commonwealth.

Sheep should not be allowed to graze new pastures too closely, for the first year or two, as they always go for the finer grasses only, tearing them up by the roots, and in this way, newly established fine grasses are lost.

We append hereto a few carefully selected mixtures of best quality grasses for permanent pastures in stated climates, but if these are not quite suitable for your particular district, we shall at all times be pleased to make you up a special mixture on receipt of particulars as to your soil and climatical conditions, or will make up mixtures in accordance with customer's orders, the price of which would be governed by the quantities and varieties of seeds used. The quantities stated are calculated for one acre.

N.B.—All our Grasses and Clovers are well cleaned and of a high standard of germination, everything being tested before leaving our stores, and we are at all times pleased to furnish the result of our tests to clients on application.

Permanent Pastures

Warm climates, good rainfall, rich land.

Rhodes Grass	2 lbs.
Paspalum Dilatatum	3 lbs.
Couch Grass	3 lbs.
Prairie Grass	5 lbs.
Cow Grass	2 lbs.
White Clover	2 lbs.
Perennial Rye Grass	3 lbs.
Lucerne Seed, Peruvian	3 lbs.
Alsike Clover	1 lb.
Wallaby Grass	1 lb.

For 30/- 25 lbs.

Cool climate, good rainfall, rich land.

Poverty Bay Rye Grass	7 lbs.
Cocksfoot	5 lbs.
Prairie Grass	5 lbs.
Wallaby Grass	2 lbs.
Meadow Fescue	1 lb.
Chewings Fescue	1 lb.
Tall Fescue	4 lbs.
Sheeps Burnet	1 lb.
Phalaris Bulbosa	1 lb.
Kentucky Blue	1 lb.
Cow Grass	3 lbs.
White Clover	1 lb.
Alsike	1 lb.

For 32/6 33 lbs.

Fairly warm climates, moderate rainfall, medium soil.

Paspalum Dilatatum	5 lbs.
Rhodes Grass	3 lbs.
Cocksfoot	5 lbs.
Perennial Rye Grass	2 lbs.
Chewings Fescue	1 lb.
Tall Fescue	3 lbs.
Sheeps Burnet	1 lb.
Rib Grass	1 lb.
Couch Grass	3 lbs.
Wallaby Grass	2 lbs.
Prairie Grass	5 lbs.
Mixed Clovers	5 lbs.

For 37/6 34 lbs.

Cold climate, moderate rainfall, medium soil.

Cocksfoot	15 lbs.
Poverty Bay Rye Grass	6 lbs.
Kentucky Blue Grass	4 lbs.
Sheeps Burnet	3 lbs.
Crested Dogstail	1 lb.
Sheeps Fescue	1 lb.
Tall Fescue	7 lbs.
Phalaris Bulbosa	1 lb.
Mixed Clovers	3 lbs.

For 38/6 41 lbs.

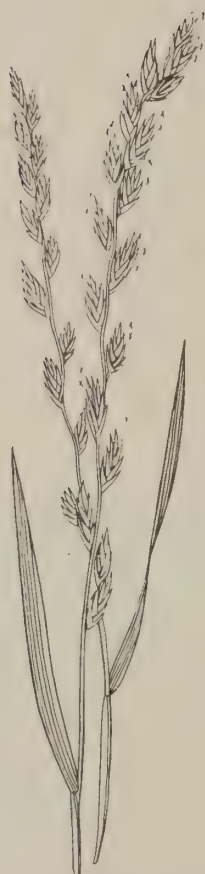
We also prepare a mixture of suitable grasses for temporary pastures of three or four years lay, at 11/- to 12/6 per acre, according to districts required for.

FOSTER'S GRASSES AND CLOVERS

**For Permanent
and Temporary
Pastures**

OUR large and increasing business in Agricultural Seeds is the result of our having consistently for the past 32 years sent out Grasses and Clovers of the Highest Grade only. Our Motto has always been :

Firstly—QUALITY.
Secondly—QUALITY.
Thirdly—QUALITY.



Perennial Rye Grass
(*Lolium Perenne*)

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS. (*Lolium Perenne*). Much used in alternate farming. It is a hardy grass and will thrive in almost all soils. It grows quickly, covering the ground rapidly, thus keeping down weeds, and protecting the more slowly germinating and delicate grasses. In permanent pastures, however, too much Rye is injurious, sometimes starving out the finer and natural grasses. Sow 2 bushels per acre. Price—
5/- per bushel.
Special heavy Seed, 6/- per bushel.



Italian Rye Grass
(*Lolium Italicum*)

ITALIAN RYE GRASS. (*Lolium Italicum*). This is one of the most valuable grasses in cultivation. It is a very early and strong grower, producing an enormous amount of most succulent, nutritious feed, which we have known to stand three cuttings in the season. Sown with Red Clover, it makes a heavy Hay crop, and is also well adapted for green feeding. It is a biennial, but if paddocks are closed up at the right period it will seed and replant itself in a strong manner. Sow 2 bushels per acre. Price 5/- per bushel.

Foster's Grasses—(continued).

POVERTY BAY PERENNIAL RYE GRASS. Our sales of this variety increase yearly. In localities not too dry and hot, this grass is permanent. Its perennial characteristics are apparent in New Zealand, where this grass thrives year after year without sign of deterioration. It is well adapted to the Australian conditions, and will grow when other Rye Grasses are burnt up. Sow 2 bushels per acre. Price, 10/- per bushel

PHALARIS BULBOSA. The great Winter Grass. Sow the seed from January to May. It is an excellent Winter Pasture, and stands the severest frost, growing throughout the coldest period. Being almost as great a drought resister as the Paspalum, it is undoubtedly the grass for Australia. The seed is now comparatively cheap, and should be sown on well-prepared land, 2 or 3 lbs. to the acre. It is unsurpassed as a Fodder Grass, being soft and succulent, making a splendid Hay which the cattle eat readily. Price, per lb. 4/6.

One of our clients, writing from the Dalby district in Queensland, says: "We have just passed through the driest Winter experienced here for many years. Of the two grasses which have managed to retain their hold, viz., Phalaris and Paspalum, the Phalaris has shown itself a quicker grower and in every way better adapted to this district. We had only 2½ inches of rain from March, when it was sown, until the end of October, yet when the rain came, in November, it rushed up in great style. I predict a great future for the Phalaris where dry, cold Winters are experienced."

Another client, writing from Batlow, N.S.W. (a very cold district) says:—"I may state that this grass does remarkably well here, and in spite of our severe Winter, gives good feed all through."

PASPALUM DILATATUM. The demand for this grass consistently increases. It stands hot, dry weather admirably, yields a large quantity of herbage, and spreads quickly. We stock nothing but the best heavy hand-shaken seed of very strong germination; 10 to 12 lbs. per acre alone will be a plentiful seeding. Sow in Spring and early Summer. Price per lb. 1/-.

(Special quotations for large quantities.)

WALLABY GRASS. (*Danthonia Semiannularis*). This grass is natural to Australia. It is much relished by stock, and is now commanding much attention. Given suitable soil, the roots penetrate to a great depth, thereby withstanding drought. The grass is highly nutritious, and will grow all the year round. We recommend a few pounds per acre to be included in all mixtures, either for Permanent Pastures or making into Hay, and may be sown with profit and satisfaction in any part of Australia.

Per lb., 2/-; over 14lbs., 1/11.



Timothy
(*Phleum Pratense*.)

TIMOTHY. (*Phleum Pratense*). An extremely hardy grass. On heavy loam and clays it produces abundant herbage, but on sandy and gravelly soils it is of little value. It is very nutritious and stock favor it. Two pounds of this per acre sown with Oats for Hay will be found an excellent thing for the Horses.

Price per lb, 1/-; over 14 lbs., 11½d.

PRAIRIE GRASS. (*Bromus Schraderii*). A very early variety, producing a large bulk of green, succulent herbage at a time when it is most urgently needed. Planted in a prepared bed during March or April, it should be well established by Mid-Winter. The Government Analyst advises that Prairie contains:—Albumen 2.80, Gluten 3.80, Starch 3.30, sugar 2.30 per cent., and as these are some of the greatest essentials in building up bone and stamina, we do not think cattle owners give it that consideration which it merits. We have lately installed special machinery for the handling of this seed alone, as our trade in it is steadily increasing, and we consider it a poor year when we do not sell 200 tons of our re-machined seed.

Best Heavy hand-picked seed 6/-.

Good Heavy re-cleaned seed 5/3.

Foster's Grasses—(continued).

COCKSFOOT. (*Dactylis Glomerata*). This is one of the best all-round grasses for the Australian climate, being little affected by dry weather on account of its deep fibrous roots, and making its home almost as well in the hot as in the cold districts. Its growth after the first season is quick, and it throws up strong stems from 1½ to 4 feet high in favorable situations. It is a highly nutritious grass, which all live stock eat readily, especially sheep, which are very partial to it, but we should advise its being kept eaten down, otherwise it is liable to become too coarse.

Price, best heavy re-machined 16/6.
Good quality, re-machined 15/-.

COUCH OR BERMUDA GRASS. (*Cynodon Dactylon*). Valuable in dry situations on account of its long creeping shoots, which root at every joint. The seed should be sown in warm weather, and after rain, as it does not germinate too freely. When once established it soon takes possession, and is difficult to get rid of when introduced Price 3/- lb.

RHODES GRASS. (*Chloris Gayana*). Introduced from South Africa a few years back, it is rapidly gaining favor, and seems destined to become the most popular grass for semi-tropical moist climates, although it is unsuitable where frosts are prevalent. It is a quick grower, with creeping roots like Couch; grows about 4 feet high, and makes a heavy crop of Hay. As a dairyman's grass in suitable districts, it is considered a great acquisition, as the Cows keep in splendid condition and give a wonderful flow of milk whilst fed on it.

Price on application



Cocksfoot
(*Dactylis Glomerata*)

SHEEP'S BURNET. (*Poterium Sanguisorba*). This is a most valuable fodder plant, and should be largely cultivated. It is very suitable for dry country, where Lucerne or Clover will not stand, and we have received some very eulogistic reports on it from the Riverina District. Although difficult to eradicate in parts having a heavy rainfall, some of our clients in the New England districts praise it loudly on account of its ability to stand the severe cold which they are subject to. Price 8d. lb., over 21 lb. 7d.

Foster's Seeds Foster Life

Foster's Grasses.—(continued).



Meadow Foxtail.
(*Alopecurus Pratensis*)

RIB GRASS OR LAMB'S TONGUE. (*Lanceolata Plantago*). It is particularly adapted for dry pastures and poor land. Its young growth is much relished by sheep, and is considered very nutritious. 2 lbs., if sown with other grasses, will be sufficient per acre, or if alone, 12 to 15 lbs.

per lb., 6d.; over 14 lbs., 5d.

MEADOW FOXTAIL. (*Alopecurus Pratensis*). One of the earliest and best grasses for Permanent Pastures. It thrives well on good and medium moist soils in warm to hot districts. It is a fine grass, is splendid feed, and should be included in every mixture. Sow 10 lbs. per acre.

Price per lb., 1/9; over 10 lbs., 1/8 per lb.

CRESTED DOGSTAIL. (*Cynosurus Cristatus*).

Valuable for uplands and sheep runs. It will, however, thrive almost anywhere. It makes a dense turf and withstands dry weather well. Sheep eat it with avidity. A lawn sown with this variety only would be ideal. Sow 15 to 20 lbs per acre.

Price per lb., 1/6; over 20 lbs., 1/3.

HARD FESCUE. (*Festuca Duriuscula*). A dwarf-growing, hardy, robust grass. It retains its verdure during continued drought in a very remarkable manner. All kinds of stock like it, especially sheep. Sow 20 lbs. per acre.

Price per lb., 1/-; over 20 lbs., 10d.

CHEWING'S FESCUE. A variety of Hard Fescue much grown in New Zealand. It thrives luxuriantly on the light, stony soils, and sheep fatten rapidly on it. It is quite permanent, and throws up a large amount of feed in the Early Spring. A few pounds of this grass should be included in all permanent mixtures; if planted alone, allow 15 pounds to the acre.

Price per lb., 1/-; over 15 lbs., 10d.



Crested Dogstail.
(*Cynosurus Cristatus*.)

**Foster's Seeds—
—Foster Life.**

Foster's Grasses—(continued).

MEADOW FESCUE. (*Festuca Pratensis*). One of the best of grasses for permanent pastures in districts with a medium rainfall, being very early, productive, and most nutritious. It is greedily eaten by all kinds of stock, and has excellent fattening qualities. Sow 30 to 40 lbs. per acre.

Price per lb., 2/-; over 14 lbs., 1/9.

SHEEP'S FESCUE. (*Festuca Ovina*). This grass succeeds well on poor, dry soils, and is excellent for a sheep run. Price per lb., 1/10.

TALL FESCUE. (*Festuca Elatior*). In appearance like Meadow Fescue, but is larger and of stronger growth. Valuable in permanent mixtures for heavy soils. It is essentially a stock grass, although not unsuitable for dairying in favorable situations. Sow 30 to 40 lbs. per acre.

Price per lb., 9d; over 30 lbs., 8d.



Smooth Stalked Meadow Grass, or Kentucky Blue Grass.

(*Poa Pratensis*).



Meadow Fescue.

(*Festuca Pratensis*).

WOOD MEADOW GRASS. (*Poa Nemoralis*). Particularly well adapted for pleasure grounds. It does well under trees, and forms a fine sward where few others exist.

Price per lb., 3/-.

SMOOTH STALKED MEADOW GRASS, OR KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS. (*Poa Pratensis*). Much grown in this country. It grows naturally on dry soil, and has creeping roots which enable it to withstand a long, dry season. It makes fine early feed, and yields a large quantity of herbage in the winter, but has very little value for Summer feed. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. per acre.

Price per lb., 1/9; over 10 lbs., 1/6.

JOHNSON GRASS, OR EVERGREEN MILLET. (*Sorghum Halapense*). A valuable perennial variety of Sorghum. It thrives well on almost all soils, no matter how warm or dry, but where it can be irrigated, it produces enormous crops. Being difficult to eradicate, it is a dangerous grass to grow in or near cultivation paddocks. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. per acre.

Price per lb. 1/9; over 10 lbs. 1/6 per lb.

Foster's Grasses and Clover—(continued).

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER does well all over the State. It suffers during dry seasons, but springs up quickly after rain. If once introduced it will soon spread, and is an excellent pasture plant.

Price per lb., $\frac{1}{6}$; over 20 lbs., $\frac{1}{5}$.

RED CLOVER. The roots of all the natural order Leguminosae assimilate considerable quantities of Nitrogen, thus vastly improving the land for the next crop. For this reason Clovers, especially this type, should be grown as well as for their valuable feeding qualities. Red clover succeeds on any moderately good soil in a suitable climate, yielding very heavy crops; it is generally used in mixtures. Sow alone 20 lbs. per acre; with grasses 3 or 4 pounds.

Price per lb., $\frac{1}{3}$; over 20 lbs., $\frac{1}{2}$.

CRIMSON OR ITALIAN CLOVER. (*Trifolium Incarnatum*). A very quick growing annual clover, which yields abundantly. It makes excellent Hay, and is readily eaten by all stock, especially horses. It has striking Crimson flowers. Autumn is the best time to sow, when it will produce a heavy and lucrative crop in early Spring. Sow 15 lbs. seed per acre.

Price per lb., $\frac{10}{d}$.; over 15 lbs., $\frac{9}{d}$.

STRAWBERRY CLOVER. (*Trifolium Fragiferum*). A very valuable variety for damp lands, producing immense quantities of fattening herbage. It has a trailing habit. The seed is very light and is sold in the husk. It thrives where no other Clover or grass will grow. One or two pounds per acre, sown on suitable land, will soon spread.

Price per lb., $\frac{5}{-}$.



Trifolium Repens Perenne. (Perennial White Clover)



Cow Grass or Perennial Red Clover.

Foster's Grasses and Clover—(continued).

COWGRASS. A strain of Red Clover saved from old pastures, which is more permanent than the ordinary variety, and is less affected by drought or frost, yielding a heavy crop where no other Clover will succeed

Price per lb., $\frac{1}{3}$; over 20 lbs., $\frac{1}{2}$.

ALSIKE. This is a hardy hybrid between the Red and White Clover. In appearance it resembles Red Clover; it is, however, more permanent, and will succeed well almost anywhere. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. per acre.

Price per lb., $\frac{1}{2}$; over 10 lbs., $\frac{1}{1}$



Trifolium Hybridum. (Alsiike Clover.)

TRIFOLIUM SUBTERRANEUM. One of the most nutritious of Clovers; which grows in dry, sandy soils and gravelly pastures, and when once established, it will sow itself. The best time to sow is in the Autumn, say March. The plant forms a dense mass when in full growth, the lower shoots forming seed pods, which are forced into the ground to reproduce a fresh crop with the first Autumn rains. It is a splendid pasture grass, and is more effective in providing humus and nitrogen to the soil than any other plant, and is easily destroyed by ploughing when the roots decompose. Sow 12 to 15 lbs. per acre.

Price per lb, $\frac{4}{6}$; over 14 lbs., $\frac{4}{3}$.

MELILOTUS OFFICINALIS. (King Island Clover). Grown on dry, barren places, is a highly nutritious clover, and eagerly sought after by stock. Melilotus being a strong grower, should only be sown on poor ground, where other crops will not thrive. We do not recommend it for dairying, as it is liable to taint the milk. Sow 12 to 15 lbs. to the acre.

Price per lb., $\frac{7}{d}$.; over 14 lbs., $\frac{6}{d}$.

BOKHARA CLOVER. This variety is very good for bees, also very productive; grows to 6 feet high in suitable positions, is useful for ensilage, and remains green and continues to grow after everything else is dried up. Ten lbs. will be found sufficient to plant an acre. Price per lb., $\frac{1}{3}$; over 10 lbs., $\frac{1}{2}$.

ENGLISH TREFOIL. This is quite distinct, bearing a yellow flower; is erect and branching, and bears a good crop. It will do on light dry soils, and is much relished by sheep.

Price per lb., $\frac{10}{d}$.; over 14 lbs., $\frac{9}{d}$.

BIRDSFOOT TREFOIL. (*Lotus Corniculatus*). A perennial Clover, producing an enormous amount of fodder. The roots penetrate considerably, and the plant is not much affected by drought. It is recommended for sowing on light, inferior soils, where it will yield a greater bulk of herbage than any other.

Price per lb., $\frac{1}{9}$.

BURRLESS TREFOIL. (*Medicago Orbicularis*). This is largely grown in New South Wales. It is an annual, but seeds itself freely, and is permanent when once introduced. It produces a large amount of Fodder in the driest seasons, and all stock are very fond of it.

Price per lb., $\frac{1}{-}$.

FIELD MUSTARD is valuable as a green manure, and is grown for this purpose at the rate of 26 lbs. of seed per acre. It is also sown at the rate of 1 lb. per acre, with 3 lbs. of Rape, in drills, to prevent the sheep scouring, as they are liable to do, when fed on Rape alone.

Price per lb., $\frac{6}{d}$.; over 26 lbs., $\frac{5\frac{1}{2}}{d}$.

Lucerne Seed.

Nearly every farmer knows how to grow Lucerne, but for those who do not, we beg to advise them to clean and sweeten up their land as much as possible before they attempt it. If grass land is to be used, we recommend a good, deep ploughing during the Spring time, then a short fallowing of a couple of months to enable the weed seeds to mature, and then replough thoroughly in the early Autumn, and give a thick planting of clean Oats, Barley, or other like crop. If this is done the land should, under ordinary circumstances, be ready to take a crop of Lucerne early in the following Spring; 10 to 12 lbs. per acre is the usual sowing recommended, but whenever the land will carry a heavier quantity than this, we strongly advise it, as the thicker the young crop the less room for weeds.

**ALL LUCERNE SEED SUPPLIED BY US IS GUARANTEED FREE
OF DODDER.**

Hunter River Lucerne Seed.

We are very large handlers of the true Broadleaf Hunter River seed, and owe our ever-increasing trade in this article to the fact that we go straight to the direct source of supply for our stocks, and our clients have learnt by experience that they get the genuine article and nothing else when they order from us.

Although other types sometimes throw as great a yield of fodder as the Hunter River, they are inclined to be coarse and stalky, and will not establish themselves or root as firmly or quickly as it, and although they may eventually become acclimatised and equal in every respect, yet to gain a satisfactory crop from the first, it is advisable to sow only the true Broadleaf Hunter River Seed.

Price per lb., 1/9

For large quantities we will be found as cheap as anyone, so kindly apply for quotations, which vary with the market.

Provence (France) Lucerne Seed.

This type is grown under similar climatic conditions to our own, and is therefore very suitable for this country. One of our friends in the Riverina when passing us a repeat order, stated that it suited his district equally as well as the locally grown article.

Price per lb. 11d.

New Zealand Lucerne Seed.

Our stocks of this have been grown from the Hunter River seed in New Zealand, and although the crop at first may not compare too favorably with the parent type, yet it invariably re-acclimatises and establishes itself in a very short period. There are times when the Hunter River Seed is not available, and we can then fully recommend this as a substitute. Price per lb. **1/3.**

Peruvian Lucerne Seed.

Recent tests by the Victorian Government have shown this type to have the wonderful feature of growing during the Winter, and to be practically drought resistant. Stockowners, sheepfarmers, and Dairymen must realise what a splendid help it is to be able to get a picking of green lucerne in the Winter. It is a very heavy cropper. We have pleasure in offering a very nice sample of the genuine article imported direct from Peru. At present we have a heavy consignment in stock, and are prepared to make special quotations for large lots. Price per lb. **1/3.**

**This is the age of Specialists.
WE ARE SEED SPECIALISTS.**

Kale and Cabbages for Cattle.

THOUSAND-HEADED KALE OR CABBAGE KALE

is a valuable Fodder plant for stock of every kind, and will grow an enormous quantity of green food per acre. It grows 4 or 5 feet high, and can be fed down 2 or 3 times in the season. It is said not to produce hoven in cattle nor taint the milk. The seed should be raised in a seed bed and transplanted, 2½ feet between the plants, and 3 feet between the rows. Sow in early Autumn.

Price per lb., 2/-. Postage paid.

CHOU MOELLIER. A wonderful new fodder plant. As a milk and butter producer, it is unsurpassed. This large Cattle feeding Kale has a stout thick stem. It grows 5 feet high and stands well all the Winter.

The leaves are very large and broad, and the stem is quite free from woody fibre, and is greedily eaten by all kinds of stock. It can be chaffed after crop of leaves is exhausted. It does well in dry seasons, and does not taint the milk, even if fed alone. Sow in the same manner as Thousand-headed Kale.

Price per lb., 5/6. Postage paid.

CABBAGE, ROBINSON'S CHAMPION DRUM-HEAD.

Plant in early Autumn after the disappearance of the Aphis. Enormous weight per acre can be produced; excellent for cattle, especially Milch Cows. About 5000 plants are required to plant an acre, for which sow 1 lb. of seed in a properly prepared seed bed.

Per lb., 5/-. postage paid.

EXPERIMENTAL PACKETS OF THE ABOVE, 6d. EACH.

Sowing Rape, Dwarf Essex Broadleaf

Insist on having "Premier" Brand (only to secure a satisfactory crop. We import our stocks direct from the grower, and are therefore in a position to guarantee our supplies as of undoubted type and purity, and of strong germination.

Every season Rape becomes more popular as a crop for fattening sheep and lambs, and our sales have increased largely. It thrives on well cultivated land, and if sown in August or September will give a good Summer crop, and if in April, after the Autumn rains, will give good Winter feed. Sow 3 lbs. per acre in drills, or 4 to 6 lbs. per acre broadcast. The plants do better in drills. The land must be in good condition and manured for Rape, that the plants may grow quickly, and attain their full nourishing standard. Sheep should not be turned into Rape

when hungry, otherwise they will become blown, and many will die. One acre will fatten about 1 dozen lambs.

FOR A CATCH CROP AND FOR WINTER FEED.

Sow in the Autumn 6 lbs. of Rye Grass, 2 lbs. of Red Clover, 2 lbs. Alsike, 2 lbs. Rape per acre. We think this is well worth a trial in many localities, as, under normal circumstances, a welcome Spring Feed can be secured. We handle best imported Dwarf Essex Rape only.

4d. per lb.; 28s. per cwt.

Kangaroo (or Giant) Rape.

A new giant variety; it grows a great height in a short time. It has a great tap root, and will withstand long periods of drought; the stalks are edible, being succulent right through. It will not taint the milk, but should not be given to cows whilst in flower.

Per pound, 9d.; over 14 lbs., 8d.

Foster's Fodder Plants—(continued).

SORCHUMS. Sorghums are valuable Fodder Plants for hot, moist districts, and yield an immense quantity of forage. They can be sown from September to the end of January, and can either be cut green for fodder or ensilage, or ripened and cut into chaff. Sow about 30 to 40 lbs. per acre broadcast for ordinary purposes.

Prices on application.

SORGHUM SACCHARATUM. Black seed; on good strong land it may be cut two or three times during the Summer.

EARLY AMBER SUGAR CANE. Will provide a plentiful crop of nutritious fodder for stock right through the Summer when other varieties fail.

PLANTERS' FRIEND. Best for Winter use.

BUCKWHEAT. Japanese; this is the earliest and heaviest yielding variety; 50 lbs. (bushel) is sufficient for an acre. Sow in late Spring.
8/6 bushel.

COW PEAS. These have become much used for forage, and for ploughing in as manure. They are sown largely in the sugar-growing districts for this purpose. Should be sown from September to December; 12 lbs. to the acre.

15/- per bushel.

HUNGARIAN MILLET. A very quick growing variety; excellent for Summer crop, and producing, in a moist season, two crops of hay. Sow September to December, at the rate of 15 to 20 lbs. per acre.

Price 3d per lb.; over 20 lbs., 2½d.

JAPANESE MILLET. This is an annual of exceedingly rapid growth, standing 5 feet high, and yields 10 to 12 tons per acre of green fodder. It should be sown during the Spring or early Summer, makes an excellent hay crop. This Millet is rich in milk-producing qualities, and is a great acquisition during drought. Sow 10 to 12 lbs. per acre.

Price per lb., 4d.; over 10 lbs., 3½d.

SIBERIAN MILLET. Similar in growth and habit to the Japanese, but is said to be a better drought resister, and will grow in colder climates.

Price per lb., 6d.; over 14 lbs., 5d.

CHINESE MILLET. A tall, strong-growing variety, well worth a trial.

Price per lb., 6d.; over 10 lbs., 5d.

TARES OR VETCHES. This is a most excellent forage plant, especially for Winter. It should be sown in Autumn, after the frost and rains. It is usually sown with Barley or Rye Corn, which gives it support, in addition to increasing the bulk of crop. With other grain sow 30 lbs. Tares; alone, 2 bushels per acre.

Prices: Golden, 11/- per bus.; black, 10/6 per bus.

FIELD PEAS, GREY AND BLUE. Useful feed for Horses and Pigs, both seed and hay being valuable. Field Peas are considered the very best of crops for green manuring, as they introduce a remarkable quantity of nitrogen to the soil. Deep, well-worked land is best for Peas. Sow in July or August, at the rate of 2 to 2½ bushels to the acre.

Prices on application.

CATTLE PUMPKIN. This Pumpkin requires rich, deep soil. Sow in Spring as early as weather will permit, in the same manner as for Table Pumpkin; 2 lbs. of seed required for an acre.

MAMMOTH YELLOW. A very productive sweet variety, excellent for cattle and pigs.

Price 6/- per lb.

IRONBARK. Well-known variety; useful for Cattle or Table.

6/- per lb.

GRAMMA. A splendid variety greatly relished by all kinds of stock; large, elongated fruit. Very sweet and fattening.

7/6 per lb.

Agricultural Grain Seeds.

The wisdom of securing the finest and cleanest pedigree stocks of grain for seed is becoming more and more recognised and practised, and has resulted in heavier crops being obtained, together with plumper and superior samples. Our friends know we annually move large quantities of grain for seed. Our fine, re-cleaned samples are well known, and command a ready and increasing sale. We shall be pleased to submit samples with lowest current prices on application.

Maize.

SEED MAIZE. In season we will be found to have the best varieties and stocks obtainable at the lowest possible prices compatible with quality.

Oats.

WHITE TARTARIAN. Side bearers.

BLACK TARTARIAN. Heavy croppers.

ALGERIAN. Rust resisting.

POTATO, CARTON, and other heavy Oats.

Barley.

CAPE.

SKINLESS.

ENGLISH CHEVALIER. For malting.

Wheat.

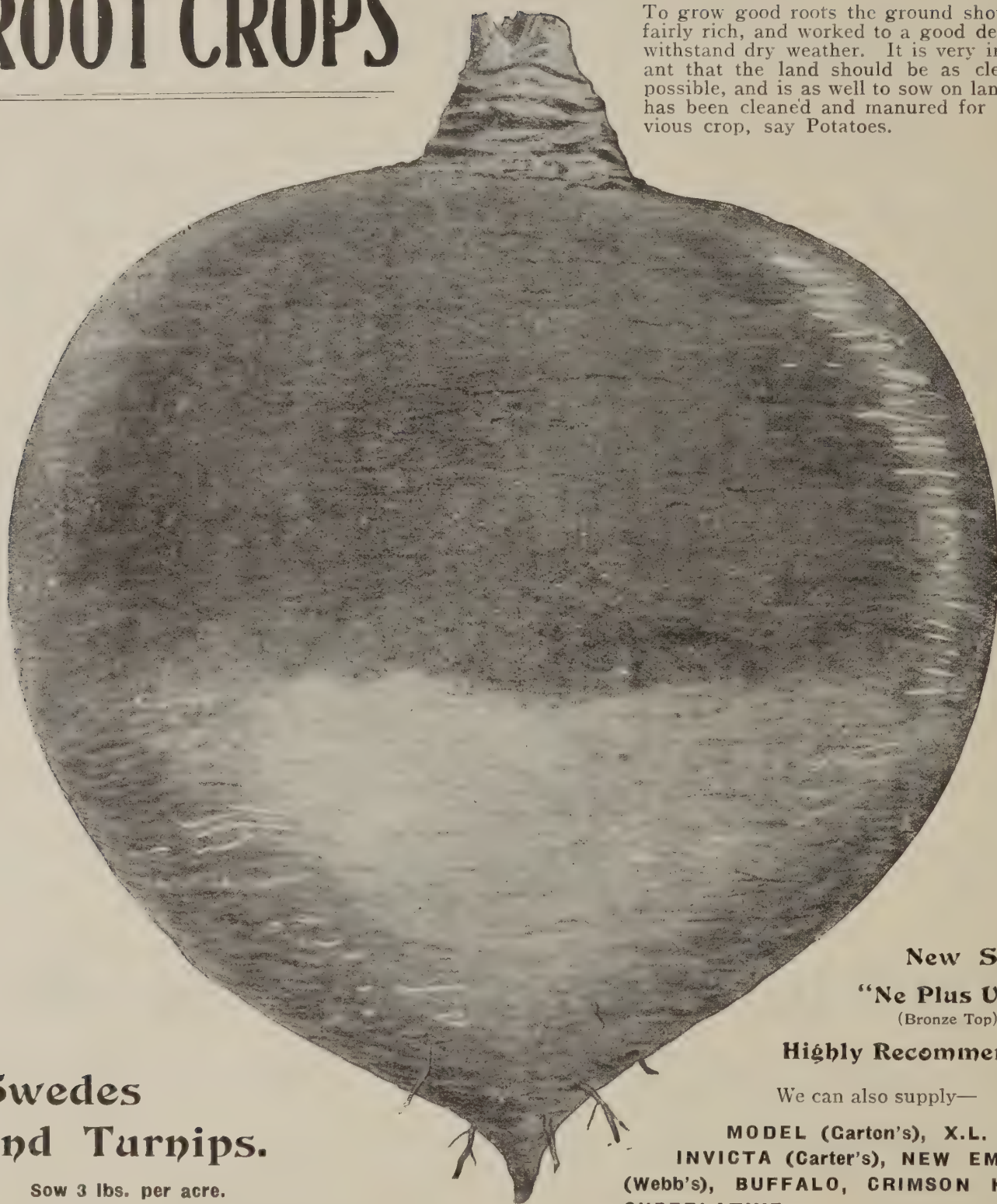
STEINWEDEL, PURPLE STRAW, MARSHALL No. 3; BOBS, FEDERATION, COMEBACK, MANITOBA.

Rye Corn.

MAMMOTH, EMERALD, and other leading varieties.

ROOT CROPS

To grow good roots the ground should be fairly rich, and worked to a good depth to withstand dry weather. It is very important that the land should be as clean as possible, and is as well to sow on land that has been cleaned and manured for a previous crop, say Potatoes.



Swedes and Turnips.

Sow 3 lbs. per acre.

Price per lb., 1/6; post paid, 2/3.

The best time to sow Swedes is January and February; Turnips a week or two later.

SWEDE CHAMPION PURPLE TOP. Well known variety, of good constitution; heavy cropper, and good quality.

SWEDE "MONARCH." A very handsome, distinct Swede; skin rich, deep purple; flesh rich yellow, and highly nutritious. A very fine Swede; true stock.

SWEDE, "LORD DERBY." Green top; a very handsome, hardy variety; solid, and fine, rich quality; heavy cropper.

New Swede
"Ne Plus Ultra"
(Bronze Top)

Highly Recommended.

We can also supply—

MODEL (Carton's), **X.L. ALL**,
INVICTA (Carter's), **NEW EMPIRE**
(Webb's), **BUFFALO**, **CRIMSON KING**,
SUPERLATIVE.

SWEDE "BEST OF ALL." A round shaped, hardy, Purple Top Swede, of extra fine quality. Solid and nutritious and good keeper. It is the best Swede of the Champion type, and a variety we can thoroughly recommend.

SWEDE, "NE PLUS ULTRA." A new and distinct variety; bronze top; globular in shape, symmetrical, and splendid quality. Its short neck, small top, and light foliage distinguish it from other varieties. It is strong growing and seldom attacked with disease. Very heavy cropper. See illustration.

Foster's Root Crops—(continued).

Turnip.

HARDY GREEN GLOBE. The roots are large, even in size, solid and beautifully shaped, and very nutritious. Pulled medium size they are good for market as cookers.

MAMMOTH PURPLE TOP. A very quick growing, large Turnip, suitable for late sowing; excellent quality.

DEVONSHIRE, GREY STONE, OR MOTTLED GLOBE.

LINCOLNSHIRE RED GLOBE. A quick-growing Turnip, very fattening.

GREEN TOP, YELLOW SCOTCH. Good keeping and excellent quality.

YELLOW TANKARD. Long Tankard shape, the most nutritious of the Yellow Turnips, and keeps well.

Field Carrots.

Invaluable for Horses and Dairy Cows. The former are always healthy when feeding on them, and the milk of the cows is greatly increased; but, like all root crops, they must be fed immediately after milking. A loose, sandy, friable loam is best for Carrots. Sow in August and September. Crops very short this year.

Best rubbed seed, 6/- per lb.

WHITE BELGIAN CARROT. Heavy cropper.

YELLOW BELGIAN.

ALTRINCHAM. Excellent quality.

SINCLAIR'S CHAMPION. Rich golden yellow. Yields as much as 60 tons to the acre. Quite distinct, being wedge-shaped. Taints neither milk nor butter.

Mangels.

(Sow 5 to 6 lbs. per acre.)

Sow in August for early crop. September and October for main crop.

THE CULTIVATION OF MANGELS in N.S. Wales has been on the increase for many years. Given a deep, rich soil, they thrive in a high temperature. Sliced up and mixed with chaff the Mangel is excellent fodder for Milch Cows. Keep the plants free from weeds in the earlier stages of growth. Mangel seed is very scarce, caused by conditions mentioned on page —.

Price per lb., 1/9

PRIZE WINNER YELLOW GLOBE MANGEL. A very handsome root of superior quality. It has a small top and single tap root.

MAMMOTH LONG RED MANGEL. A very heavy cropping variety, most generally used.

GOLDEN TANKARD MANGEL. Handsome shape and color. The highest quality, and most nutritious of all the Mangels.

LONG YELLOW MANGEL (or Gate Post Intermediate). Very heavy cropping variety, with small top.

Sugar Beet.

Sow in September and October, 4 to 6 lbs. per acre. To prevent the roots becoming forked, the land should be deeply dug. They are very nutritious and especially valuable for Cattle and Milch Cows. If fed judiciously, they will increase the flow without tainting the milk. Plant in rows and thin to 8 inches apart.

Price per lb., 2/-.

This is the Age of Specialists
We are Seed Specialists.



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For Your Information

STAMPED PARCELS (Prepaid) RATES.

Not exceeding

Not exceeding miles.	3 lbs.	7 lbs.	14 lbs.	28 lbs.	42 lbs.	56 lbs.	84 lbs.	112 lbs.	Each additional 28 lbs. or part thereof.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
25	0 3	0 3	0 3	0 6	0 9	1 0	1 3	1 6	0 5
50	0 3	0 3	0 5	0 9	1 1	1 5	1 11	2 5	0 7
75	0 3	0 5	0 7	1 0	1 5	1 10	2 7	3 3	0 9
100	0 4	0 7	0 9	1 3	1 9	2 3	3 3	4 0	1 0
125	0 5	0 9	0 11	1 6	2 1	2 8	3 10	4 9	1 2
150	0 6	0 10	1 1	1 9	2 5	3 1	4 5	5 6	1 4
175	0 7	0 11	1 3	2 0	2 9	3 6	5 0	6 3	1 6
200	0 8	1 0	1 5	2 3	3 1	3 11	5 6	7 0	1 9
250	0 10	1 2	1 9	2 9	3 9	4 9	6 6	8 3	2 0
300	1 0	1 4	2 0	3 3	4 3	5 3	7 3	9 3	2 3
350	1 2	1 6	2 3	3 6	4 9	5 9	7 9	9 9	2 3
400	1 4	1 8	2 3	3 9	5 3	6 3	8 3	10 3	2 6
500	1 6	2 0	2 6	4 3	6 0	7 3	9 3	11 3	2 9
600	1 8	2 0	2 6	4 9	6 6	8 3	10 3	12 3	3 0
700	1 10	2 3	2 9	5 0	7 0	9 0	11 3	13 3	3 3
850	2 0	2 6	3 6	5 6	8 0	10 0	12 9	14 6	3 6
Over 850	2 3	3 0	4 6	6 3	9 6	11 6	14 6	16 6	4 0

PARCELS POST.

Parcels not exceeding

	1 lb.	2 lbs.	3 lbs.	4 lbs.	5 lbs.	6 lbs.	7 lbs.	8 lbs.	9 lbs.	10 lbs.	11 lbs.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
N.S.W. -	0 6	0 9	1 0	1 3	1 6	1 9	2 0	2 3	2 6	2 9	3 0
Interstate	0 8	1 2	1 8	2 2	2 8	3 2	3 8	4 2	4 8	5 2	5 8

We will adhere to the prices quoted throughout the year if we possibly can, but as stocks are dependent on the present harvest, all prices given are subject to market fluctuations.

Samples and quotations will be sent by return of post when desired.

**FOSTER'S
PREMIER
SEEDS
1912**